(AP) - Tool

wing went what list had gone k

SSEN GOTTON

#### Baker arrives in Moscow

MOSCOW (R) — U.S. Secretary of State James Nober arrived in Massow Wednandry at a historic manual just hopes after the Soviet Communict Perty decided to strap he messagely of power, fulfilling an American dream. During a firewedge step, Bulter will by he clear ingines in the way of a U.S. Serial strategic areas (START) deal and a NATO-Warmay Pact tearmentional forces greaty, which both Westhington and Massow went completed this year. U.S. Fresident George Buth wents the built provisions hald out for a START acqued, whend at hairing the long-rouge medicar serveds of the superparence, in time for his second manualt with Soviet leader. Mithell Gethacker in May or Jame, Below headed straight late informat tills with Soviet Newsjan Minister of Edwards Spermelander at a great house in County, Manager. My is also done to one Gethacker and address the Enrylan Albites Commissions of the Supreme Seriet (partiament). One of the themiant issues will be the Supreme Seriet (partiament). One of the themiant issues will be the Supreme Seriet (partiament), which appear to be insuling becausely provide some form of Germany, which appear in he handing incometry towards some them of remailiration, conforming the East-West military division of Europe states World War II."



جوردان تامر يومية معاسية تهيين بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة المبحقية الاردنية ،الراي،

former deputies followed a series of railies in December and January organized by a condition of politicians seeking a return to parliamentary democracy in the country. Saddoun described it as a friendly, frank meeting, "We did not get into details, that will be discussed at the next meeting," We said. There was no immediate comment from the government side. Diplomats are watching developments unprecedented in the Golf. They do not believe the pro-democracy movement poses a threat to the stability of Kuwait. "No, we are not sitting on the edge of our scale, so to meek." one Western diplomat said. speak," one Western diplomat said.

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8-9, 1990, RAJAB 13-14, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 file ; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyale; UAE 1.50 dirham

Kuwaiti leader meets activists

EUWART (R) — The crown prince of Kawait unit pro-democracy activists: Wedesday for the first time over demands for a revival of particular dissolved 3½ years ago. The acting head of the pro-parliament movement, former National Assembly Chairman Alanad Al Saddom, told Resters the

2%-hour meeting with the crown prince and prime minister, Shelith Sand Al Abdullah Al Sabah, had been a success. "It was clear from the start that

His Highmen the Crown Prince was keen on making the meeting a success and making it a start for the dialogue," he said. The succession of former deputies followed a series of railies in December and January

#### House panel reviews Income Tax Law

Volume 15 Number 4311

AMMAN (Petra) - The Financial Committee of the Lower House of Parliament Wednesday discussed the Income Tax Law and two proposed amendments to it with Income Tax Department Director Salman Al Taxawach and his legal advisor Mohammad Zughuri. The meeting decided to call specialists in income tax to hear their views about the two dments in the committee's next meeting. The House's Administrative Committee held a session during which it discussed a number of complaints referred to it from the House.

#### British chief of staff arrives

AMMAN (Petra) Chairman of the British Joint Chiefs of Staff Sir David Craig arrived in Assman Wednesday on an official visit to Jordan at the invitation of Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu

TUNIS (R) - Palestinian leader

#### Arafat, Sharaa meet in Tunis

Yasser Arafat and Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa met in Tutis Tuesday in the latest of a series of talks on a possible reconciliation between the Paletine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Damascus. The PLO news agency WAFA said Wednesday "the importance of strengthening Arab solidarity was emphasise in the grave circumstance through which the Palestinian cause and the Arab Nation are passing." At previous meetings the PLO agreed in principle to send a delegation to Damascus but no date has been set for the visit. The PLO says Syria must release Palestinian detainees, recognise the State of Palestine proclaimed in 1988 and undertake not to interfere in Palestinian affairs. Syria objects to the PLO setting

#### Turkey to free Euphrates on schedule

ANKARA (R) — Turkey said. Wednesday it would end its diversion of the Euphrates River on schedule next week one months after it cut the flow to fill its new Ataturk dam. "The diversion will end at 6 p.m. (1600 GMT) on Feb. 12, and the waters of the Euphrates will be released to the river bed as Turkey has promised its neighbours," Foreign Ministry spokesman Murat Sungar said.

#### Yemeni summit . planned

ABU DHABI (R) - North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh will soon visit Aden for a summit on the merger of South and North Yemen, a United Arab Emirates (UAE) newspaper said Wednesday. Al Ittihad newspaper, in a report from Sanaa, said Saleh would meet South Yemen's ruling Socialist Party leader Ali Salem Al Beidh to discuss "moves taken so far to unity the two countries." The planned summit will be the second since Nov. 30, when the two leaders decided to merge their countries within a year.

### **Member of armed** hanged in Syria

DAMASCUS (AP) — A member of an armed gang who was convicted of smarder and robbery. was hanged in the northern city of Homs, the Syrian, daily newspaper Al Basth re-ported Wednesday. The newspaper said Mohammad Mahmoud Kaddour, 30, was member of a gang in the Syrian Talkalakh area near the border with Lebanon. It said Kaddour robbed three priests in October and fled towards the Lebenese side of the border with his partner. Khalid Al Samra. But the priests followed the two men and in an exchange of fire on Syrian territory, Samra and one of the clergymen were killed, the newspaper said. Beath said the two-Kaddour and namaged to capture implement the Arab peace plan, him in Lebanon, where they handed over to the Syrian forces.

المراجع والمتحدد

## Soviet party gives · King pays tribute up power monopoly to Royal Jordanian

Communist Party leadership agreed Wednesday to surrender its 70-year-old monopoly on power, paving the way for the eventual creation of a multi-party

democracy.

The official news agency TASS reported that a three-day plenary session of the party's policy-making Central Committee had adopted a plan for radical reform proposed by Soviet President and party General Secretary Mikhail Gorbachev.

Officials attending the session said no major changes had been made to the proposals, despite an acrimonious debate in which hardliners put up fierce resistance to change and accused Gorbachev of leading the country to the brink of anarchy.

"There will be no article six. There will be a multi-party sys-tem. We will have normal democracy," leading eye surgeon Svyatoslav Fyodorov, attending the plenum as an observer, told Reuters as he emerged from the Kremin.

Article six is the clause in the Soviet constituion which guarantees the Communist Party's "leading role" in Soviet society — in other words, its monopoly on political power.

There have been growing pubhe demands for the Soviet parliament to follow the example of East European countries and scrap the clause. Last autumn Gorbachev rejected demands from radical parliamentary de-puties for a debate on the issue. Fyodorov said that in a show of hands oly one delegate had voted against — former Moscow party chief and radical reformer Boris Yehrin. There had also been one

meeting Wednesday castigated the United States and the Soviet

Union for allowing an influx of

Soviet Jews into the Israeli-occu-

Kuwait's emir, Sheikh Jaber Al

Ahmad Al Sabah, said Washing-

ton and Moscow were guilty of

the "most dangerous decision against the Arab World at the

The emir made the remark in a

speech read on his behalf on the

occasion of the 20th anniversary

of the creation of the Organisa-

tion of the Islamic Conference

(OIC), of which he is the current

conscience had grown more aware of the Palestinians' rights

and while we were looking for-ward to positive steps to achieve

legitimate Palestinian aspirations

for a state on their territory,

suddenly the curtain lifted to ex-

pose the most dangerous decision

against the Arab World by agree-

"At a time that the world's

pied territories.

turn of the century."



Article six will remain in force until it is annulled by a session of the full Soviet parliament, the Congress of People's Deputies. But it is extremely unlikely to be convened before elections to the republican parliaments over the coming weeks.

TASS said the text of the adopted proposals would be published later in the press. According to a version issued

at the weekend by the Moscow Radio publication Interfax, Gorbachev sought a programme It said that under the propos-

als, the party would "assume no state or government powers, nor lay any claim to having its role set down by the constitution." Gorbachev also called for a revision of the leadership struc-

for Soviet influx to Israel

The speech was read by

Kawait's minister of Islamic

affairs, Khaled Ahmad Al Jassar.

The emir, OIC Secretary-General Hamid Al Gabid and

host Saudi Arabian King Fahd

pledged increased Islamic sup-

port for the Palestinians until

they obtain a state of their own.

from the Soviet Union and flows

under the banner of human rights

to settle in the land of their choice

by dint of the new immigration

laws in the United States and

Restrictions on immigration of

Soviet Jews into the United

States has turned them towards

Israel, where leaders expect

some 300,000 to 500,000 to settle

over the next five years.
"They (the Jews) end up in

Palestine... where the Arab in-

habitants have to face a diaspora

'or be drowned," Sheikh Jaber present at the ceremony.

Europe," the emir said.

"The Jewish influx emanates

executive committee with representatives from all 15 republic and the new post of party chairman and two deputy chairmen Interfax said.

The committee meeting was pushed into a third day by conservative fury over the reform

package. But official accounts of the speeches at the closed session showed the tide flowing Gorbachev's way. Speaker after speaker from the ruling politburo made it clear the party must act now to reform itself or risk being cast into political limbo by the wave of nationalist and political turmoil gripping the country.

Either we prove able to lead a rapid but controlled process of transformation or it will become an uncontrolled deluge and fall under the influence of populist demagognes or even fanatical leaders of pogroms," the party's ideology chief, Vadim Med-

vedev, told the meeting. His words were echoed by fellow-polithuro member Eduard Shevardnadze, Soviet foreign minister and a firm Gorbachev ally, who said the plan could give perestroika a new lease of life.

"If we cannot consolidate healthy forces, tomorrow there may emerge chaos and anarchy. In these conditions it is easy to foresee the entry of dictators large and small with nothing to prevent them turning back the development of our country."

The politburo's most prominent conservative, Yegor Ligachev, pointed to mistakes in five years of reform, but avoided criticism of the platform, includture, including the creation of a ing its provision for a multi-party slimmed-down 200-member, cen-

the Arab person to the soil of his

homeland and that of his fore-

The Saudi monarch, in a

speech read on his behalf by

Defence Minister Prince Sultan,

said the OIC "crystallised the call

for Islamic solidarity and defence

of Muslim rights and interests."

Secretay-General Gabid

announced a fresh donation of

\$20 million from the Saudi

monarch to the OIC Islamic Soli-

danity Fund on the anniversary.

A major rift marks Saudi Arabia's relations with Iran. The

and subversion.

fathers."

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday expressed appreciation of efforts exerted by Royal Jordanian (RI), the national airline, and expressed his total support for its management, which, he described as keen on achieving the airline's objectives.

Speaking during a visit to RJ head offices, King Hussein said he appreciated the efforts of RI personnel and their resolve to intaining RI as a strong national institution and a source of

national pride.

King Hussein met with RJ Executive Director Husam Abu Ghazaleh, who presented a briefing on the airline's operations

Aba Ghazaleh said RI was keen on maintaining the airline as a bridge for the exchange of culture among nations.

Later, the King met with Abu Ghazaleh's deputies and senior RJ officials and urged them to exert more effort and sacrifice in the face of economic challenges posed to Jordan in the present

King Hussein was accompanied on the visit by Chief of Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker.



His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday confers with Royal Jordanian Chief Executive Husam Abu Ghazaleh (left) in a meeting attended by Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker (Petra photo)

### Jordanian Communists call on

Moscow to halt Jewish exodus

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Jordanian Communist Party (JCP) has urged the Soviet Union to halt the nigration of Soviet Jews to Israel until a comprehensive peace settlement is reached for the Palesti-

nias problem The JCP position was expressed during a meeting last week in Moscow between JCP Secretary General Yacoub Ziadine and officials of the Soviet Communist

"Such a Soviet decision would be in harmony with its previously declared position not to restore diplomatic relations with Israel except within the context of a comprehensive peace settle-ment," Ziadine, who returned to Jordan this week from a trip which included Libya, the Soviet Union, and Syria, told the Jordan

under attack, especially by Islamists, for failing to condemn Mos-cow for allowing Jewish immigration to Israel.

During a recent parliamentary stressing that the Soviet Union opposed the settling of Jewish

But the party has decided to take a clearer and firmer position on the issue and was expected to release a press statement today. JCP sources told the Jordan

Times that although the party understands the magnitude of pressures that Moscow is coming under it nevertheless believes that allowing Soviet Jewish immigration — especially if Moscow is to endorse an agreement on direct flights between the Soviet Union and Israel — would have

lic disagreement that the party has ever expressed on Soviet poli-cy in the Middle East.

Quitali meets Communists

ence in the region."

Ziadine, who attended the

Moscow in perestroika and the changes in Eastern Europe would "put the Arab World in direct confrontation with the U.S. without the support and the balancing effect of the Soviet Union."

## PLO requests Jordan to host PCC meeting in March

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has offi-cially requested Jordan to host a meeting of the Palestine Central Council (PCC) in Amman in March, according to Palestinian officials.

The request was made by PLO Executive Committee member Abdul Razaq Yahya during a meeting with Prime Minister Mudar Badran Tuesday. The PLO was initially hoping to

convene the PCC — an intermediary consultative body between the PLO leadership and the Palestine National Council (PNC) — on Feb. 28, but the date coincided with the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) summit scheduled to begin here on

"Jordanian officials explained to the PLO that it would be practically difficult to hold the two meetings almost in the same period," a Palestinian official told the Jordan

He said that the PLO was now considering convening the PCC in the first week of March in Annuan if "it is practically convenient for "If not, the council meeting might take place in Baghdad," the official said.

The convening of the PCC in Amman would reflect the growing elements between the pro-side.

closeness between the two sides,

especially over the Middle East peace process.

Jordan has strongly supported

the PLO's efforts to assume a fullfledged role in all stages of the peace process and criticised attempts to exclude the organisation from negotiations.

"The only address we know is that of the PLO," His Majesty King Hussein told the Jordan Times in an interview last month in reference to efforts to find "representatives of the Palestinian people."
The next PCC meeting is ex-

ected to be very significant as the pected to be very significant as the PLO leadership is coming under mounting pressures to reassess its tackes in the peace process. A PLO official said that the Jordanian government did not ex-press any reservation over the idea of hosting the meeting but that the timing was "simply very impractical, especially that meeting halls and hotels would be reserved for the

ACC summit The PLO had also to postpone a meeting of the Palestine National Fund, which was also scheduled to take place in Amman on Feb 25, in

view of the ACC summit.

The PCC meeting would be the first high-level Palestinian meeting an since the convening of the PNC here in 1984.

But unlike the 1984 PNC, which was boycotted by left-wing PLO factions, the PCC will be attended by the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and the Palestinian Communist Party alongside Fatch and independent DFLP leader Nayef Hawatmen, who is of Jordanian origin, and. George Habash of the PFLP have not been back in Jordan since the 1970 civil war.

support for the Jordanian democratic experiment and the Kingdom's disengagement from the West Last October, an official DFLP

delegation, headed by Yasser Abed Rabbo, met with Foreign Minister

Marwan Al Qasem.
The unprecedented Jordanian-DFLP talks followed the latter's disengagement from its Jordanian wing, which established an inde-pendent Jordanian party. in the last two months many

DFLP and PFLP members and officials, who were hitherto banned, visited Jordan. In a recent interview with the Kuwaiti daily Al Watan, King Hus-

sein did not dismiss the possil of allowing Hawatmeh and Habash to visit Jordan or even to regain their Jordanian passports.
"I cannot say that anything is

impossible at any stage in the fu-ture... but this subject is not under discussion... but if there were sincere intentions... this country has alwas been big enough for all its countrymen... I cannot say no to this question," the King said when he was asked if Hawatmeh and Habash would be allowed back.

### Arabs should reassess impact of E. Europe events — Jordanian envoy

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- In the aftermath of the momentous events that have been taking place in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe, much of the world is changing so rapidly and drama-tically that Jordan and the rest of the Arab World have no choice but to take another look at the changes and to start from scratch in assessing their impact on our lives and prepare a strategy for the future.

This is the view of one veteran Jordanian diplomat who has witnessed those events first hand and who insists on devoting a whole new effort to studying the global political changes in order to understand what is happening in the world today.

Sherif Fawaz Sharaf, Jor-

dan's ambassador to West Germany for the past six years, says that while the Arab World had been reacting to and basing its international - even inter-Arab - policies on the cold war and seeing the world in East-West terms, it must now recognise this historic turning-point because "the cold war is no more" and the world is changing and "we must change with it." "In order to react to the

world changes, they must be understood in both regional and global perspectives first," Sherif Fawaz told a group of editors and reporters at the Jordan Times on Monday. "The Arab World can't react till they understand. The situation has to be assessed before it is addressed." Otherwise, he warns, people may be misicad.

Sherif Fawaz, who is a former minister of culture and youth, calls on Arab thinktanks, educators, officials and citizens to take it upon themselves to inform themselves and come up with different approaches to deal with the changes taking place in Europe in particular and the world in

"It is vital for the Arabs to begin from scratch in carving out their place and role in the 'new world'," he says, adding that he expects three economic giants to emerge in this 'new world'. These are likely to be Japan, Europe and the U.S., and he predicts that the developing world would be dependent on the large markets of these three giants for their ex-ports and subsidies.

He points out that while the "great" European experiment of 1992 would do "great things for Europe," many other countries would be hard hit by the economic consequences that will follow. He gives as an example North African Arab countries which are major suppliers of fruits (and other products) to Western European countries and which will have a ifficult task mainta exports to Europe after 1992.

But Sherif Fawaz points out that some positive economic trends may also develop as a result of the changes in Eastern Enrope. "One East German put it to me this way: Just think of how many more cars East Germans will have after the expected reunification of Germany and think of all the petrol we are going to need to make those cars go.

"So, we cannot be sure how the changes will affect us in the Arab World," Sherif Fawaz insists. 'That is why we have to make the effort to understand what is happening around us. It is simply not good enough to. determine from now that the changes, in Europe will be either positive or negative."

No one could really foresec the tremendous change which was taking place in Europe, the ambassador explains. It began to crystallise in 1985 when Western Europe began preparing for a united market after Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher agreed to sign the Common Market agreement. That summer Mikhail Gorbachev was elected Soviet leader, and so in both the East and the West progressive movements moved towards a new era which culminated in the fall of the Berlin Wall in November

The Berlin Wall, Sherif Fawaz says, was the central arena for tension in the world, Once it fell, so did the tension. While prolonged regional wars around the world represented superpower struggles in many cases, no side would have given up Berlin. Both sides would have fought to the bitter end in case of a conflict. Hence there was no possibility of flying out of Berlin or evacuating the divided city, it would have been

the last stand for either side." The fall of the Berlin Wall. the Ambassador believes, was the beginning of a new era, not for Europe alone but for the whole world. "The Arab World

(Continued on page 3)

### ment of the two superpowers at the turn of the century," the emir grate and settle where they wish and Gabon. **Aoun vows to fight Taif** peace plan to the finish

BAABDA, Lebanon (Agencies) - General Michel Aoun on Wednesday vowed to fight the Lebanese Forces (LF) militia to the finish unless it renounced an Arab-brokered peace plan for

"If everybody quits I will stay by myself defending my posi-

tion," Acon told a news conference in an underground bunker at the presidential palace of Bashda. in Lebanon's mainly Christian enclave.

He accused Washington of provoking the LF militia led by Samir Geages to rise against him.
"One hundred Sumir Geagess
and 10,000 LF militia groups will
go to hell if they stand against the will of the Lebanese people," he

He accused the LF of collaborating with the United States to

the consequences if it did not publicly renounce the Tail plan, which the general rejects because it gives no guarantee of a Syrian

troop withdrawal from Lebanon. On Tuesday, Aoun achieved his most significant gain in the confrontation by ousting the Lebanese Forces from their seven barracks in the hills of Dbayeh, on Beirut's northern flank (see

page 2). Dhayeh's capture boosted his forces and put them in a superior military position to attack the Lebanese Forces in their remaining strongholds in east Beirut and the Christian hinterland of Kesrouan, Byblos and Batoroun provinces north of the capital.

But Geagea's men are experienced street fighters, having borne the brunt of the fighting throughout the civil war. Police said Aoun was "massing tanks commando units and infanbesieged strongholds in east Beirut's Ashrafiyeh and 'Ain Rummaneh district

Meanwhile, people searched east Beirut hospital for missing relatives as surgeons operated in candlelight and police reported fist fights over bread, reflecting desperate conditions left by nine days of battles between Aoun's forces and the LF.

French Humanitarian Aid Minister Bernard Kouchner and Ambassador Rene' Ala negotiated a 90-minute ceasefire covering only one street of east Beirut used by a convoy seven ambulances to evacuate 12 seriously wounded people from the Hotel Dieu hospital in the Ashrafiych

Police said the casualty toil. from the savage clashes stood at 365 dead and 1,682 wounded,

(Continued on page 3)

# and do not talk about the right of

The JCP has hitherto been

debate, JCP Deputy Issa Mada-nat, defended Moscow's position mmigrants in the occupied Pallestinian territories.

kingdom ruptured ties with Tehran in April 1988 accoring title Iranian government of terrorism But an Iranian delegation led by Mohammad Reza Berzi, the director of international organisations at the Foreign Ministry, was The ceremony attracted a num-"The makers of the law talk ther of officials including the foreabout the right of Jews to emi- ign ministers of Egypt, Senegal

dangerous consequences on pros-pects of peace in the Middle East. "We believe that the whole issue would tarnish the Soviet image here as people would start to equate Moscow's stand with that of the U.S., which supports Issuel," a JCP member said. The JCP position on Soviet immigration marks the first pub-

In another development, Libyan leader Musmmar Qadhafi met last week in Tripoli with leaders of all Arab Communist parties and urged them to cooperate to counter "American influ-

smeeting, the first of its kind and held in one of Qadhafi's famous bedouin tents, said the Libyan leader discussed the implications of the change in Eastern Europe on the Middle East.

According to Ziadine, Qadhafi stressed that the involvement of

### Aoun's guns breathe destruction | Benjedid seeks to tame from Death River to Dbayeh

Death River to Dbayeh, there is a shell crater every metre or two.

No building has escaped unscathed, a whole shopping centre has been destroyed, cars smoulder, telephone poles have been flattened. The people of Dbaych have been left speechless.

Everything in sight has been damaged by a savage, three-day artillery bombardment unleashed by General Michel Aoun against his fellow-Christian rivals in one of the fiercest battles of Lebanon's 14 years of civil war.

I was among the first newsmen allowed into the area since Aoun's army troops captured the Lebanese Forces (LF) militia barracks at strategic Dbayeh north of Beirut in a three-pronged attack Tuesday.

It was the Aoun forces first major success in a week-long Christian war that has cost at least 350 lives.

Smoke wafted through the wreckage. The occasional sniper bullet and shrill cries of distraught women rang through the remains of Rachdan Barracks.

"We tried to avoid bloodshed but they (LF) pushed us into it," an army captain said as he attempted to explain the scale of devastation.

Dazed civilians, emerging from days in underground shelters, appeared numbed and disorientated. Such was the devastation. Some were clearly unable to recognise their old neighbourhood. The shells have changed the

whole geography and shape of Dbayeh," one of the town's 10,000 Christians whispered. Elias Bakhos said he huddled with his family in a shelter

through Aoun's artillery bom-

15 kilometres along the road from building, smoke from burning cars outside entered the shelter ... We thought we would be asphyxi-

> At Rachdan, a queue of 50 black-clad mothers sought news of their sons, some who fought then fled with the LF, others who hattled them for Aoun.

"Did you see Georges?" asked woman, tearing unconsciously at her hair in anxiety.

The soldiers, tired and unshaven, tried to help. Smoke also came from fires of

burning photographs of LF militiamen and their girlfriends and families, abandoned as the barracks crashed around them.

In the debris of the canteen, a few tables still stood, half-eaten meals on plates, tea in cups. Blood on the floor.

No bodies were in sight Wednesday as army cranes cleared rubble but security sources said at least 40 people had been killed in Dbayeh and many more wounded.

In one yard eight LF tanks stood abandoned, shells piled unused by them. Troops relaxed in armoured personnel carriers, drinking cof-

fee in their first break from battle since Sunday. A captain of the Fighth Brigade of the 82nd Battahon bitterly harrangued the LF. He dismissed his fellow-Christians as "no better than Syrians,"

whose units Aoun has vowed to

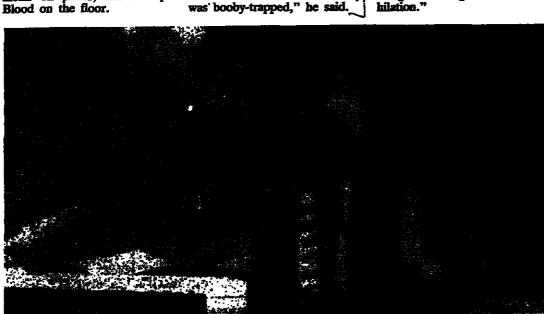
drive out of Lebanon. "We found some of our com rades who were killed before we reached the barracks, mutilated and shot in the head. One body

In parts of the cratered, barrack yards, army troops loaded ammunition and weapons onto lorries. LF office equipment, stationery, dentist's chairs, equipment from the barber's shop-everything of use was seized.

The once prosperous neigh-bourhood looked as though an earthquake had struck. Glass, smashed concrete, parts of shops fronts mixed with vegetables, splintered furniture, clothing, were spilled across the streets.

Army checkpoints were dotted around the area. At once a soldier passed around a box of

Sniper fire could be heard from the new frontlines to the north as the soldiers prepared for the next offensive in what LF leader Samir Geagea is calling "a war of anni-hilation."



Smoke billows from the port area in East Beirst where Gen. Michel Agua's troops have been fight-

ing to distodge the Lebenese Forces militin of Semir Geogra.

### MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

#### Iranian envoyin Ankara

ANKARA (R) — An aide to Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani arrived in Ankara Wednesday with a message for Turkish President Turgut Ozal. Ali Reza Moayyeri, adviser to Rafsanjani on international affairs, told reporters his visit was part of an exchange of views. The message from Rafsanjani concerned bilateral relations and regional issues, be said. Turkish Foreign Ministry spokesman Murat Sungar said visits to Tehran this year by Prime Minister Yildirim Akbulut and Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz were in the offing. A joint economic commission will meet in Ankara later this month to discuss trade ties. The two countries resolved a price dispute last September over crude from Iran, Turkey's biggest oil suplier after

### U.S. to sell let equipment to Turkey

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States plans to sell Turkey \$205 million in sophisticated targetting and navigation equipment for use in F-16 jet fighters, the pentagon has said. The plan, sent to congress by President George Bush, is expected to become final in 30 days without opposition from lawmakers. The package includes 60 kw-altitude targetting and infrared navigation system (Lantim) pods for the jets to help Turkey fulfil its NATO obligations, the Defence Department said. "Turkey needs this equipment to provide F 16C/D aircraft with capability for night operations" as part of its military modernisation programme, the

### Stricken Iranian tanker emptied

ROTTERDAM (AP) - An Iranian tanker from which millions of gallons of crude spilled into the Atlantic was on its way to a European dry dock Wednesday after its remaining cargo was transferred to another vessel, a Dutch salvage company said. The transfer of the 200,000 tons of oil from the Khark 5 into the Iranian-registered Shir Khooh, which began Saturday off the coast of Sierra Leone, West Africa, ended without incident Tuesday, said Anette Lindquist, a spokesweman for Smit International. In December, an estimated 70,000 tons of light Iranian crude spilled into the ocean when an explosion ripped a hole in the Khark 5's hull. The accident occurred 400 miles north of the Canary Islands. Before drifting into the mid-Atlantic, the oil threatened to cause serious damage to fisheries and beaches along the Moroccan coast. The cargo transfer had to take place on the high seas because five nations, among them Spain and Portugal, banned the Khark 5 from their 200-mile exclusive economic zones for fear of pollution.

### Sudan religious leaders call for end to killings

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) - Reli- mined by both the SPLA and the gious leaders in a besieged southern Sudanese city have urged the world community to condemn the necessary food to Juba have killing of civilians by both government troops and rebels.

A letter received Wednesday by Nairobi-based Western journalists called for international pressure on the combatants "to halt the continuing and escalating massacre of the people of southern Sudan."

The letter was signed by the Roman Catholic Archbishop of luba, Paciíno Lukudu Loro. Loro said the appeal followed a

meeting Thursday in Juba of the city's religious leaders, including Episcopal Archbishop Benjamin

Fighting between government troops and the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) has intensified recently and food supplies are running low as a result of a government ban on relief flights

"The fact that the fields and roads surrounding Juba have been

government, and the inability of the government to bring the placed the people in a crucible of suffering and despair," Loro

The religious leaders appealed to the government and the rebels to respect human rights, stop shelling towns and civilians, and agree to a ceasefire.

Loro recounted the panic and fear which gripped Juba's esti-mated 300,000 residents following two rebel artillery bombardments last month. The letter said an estimated 3,000 people have fled Juba by air to Khartoum and Kenya's capital, Nairobi.

"The fact remains, however, that most of Juba's 300,000 people cannot leave. Their plight is desperate and worsening," Loro

Loro said the ban on relief flights in reduced rations and the 313 tons of corn reserves at the end of January were expected to

### Greek court rejects release of jailed former Muslim deputy

KOMOTINI, Greece (R) — A Greek appeals court rejected Wednesday a request for the temporary release of a former Muslim deputy, raising fears of fresh clashes between Greek Christians and Muslims in the northern town of Komotini.

Ahmet Sadiq, who was elected the first independent Muslim deputy in parliament last June, was sentenced on Jan. 26 to 18 months in jail for disturbing the

He was also barred from politics for three years.

Sadique's defence attorney asked the appeals court to release his client so he could support his

But prosecutor Dimitris Vasilos rejected the claim, saying Sadiq's presence in Komotini would "disturb the calm climate" prevailing in town.

# Algeria's unruly democracy

ALGIERS (R) — President Chadli Benjedid is using carrot and stick to try to tame Algeria's unruly new democracy and win time to implement desperately needed economic re-

Faced with a sinking eco-nomy, violence by Muslim extremists and a wave of labour unrest, Benjedid Tuesday urged new opposition parties to rally around what he called basic principles of the Algerian

Political sources said he was seeking a period of social peace needed to complete a flagging economic reform drive he launched in the mid-1980s, widely deemed essential to overcome an economic crisis.

"The government needs the understanding and help of all," he told a conference of public sector managers. "We need responsible discussion between all parties on a kind of (common) platform."

Benjedid vowed to strike hard against any new act of violence such as an attack on Jan. 16 by Muslim extremists on a courtroom outside of

But he also held out a carrot - open dialogue with all 20 of the country's new political parties, and renewed guarantees that forthcoming multi-party elections, unprecedented since independence in 1962, will be free and fair.

"If everyone philosophises in his corner at the expense of work and the national economy I don't know what the result will be," he said with some imitation. Political parties contacted by Reuters on Wednesday said it was too soon to respond to Benjedid's appeal. But a simi-

lar call by Prime Minister Mouloud Hamrouche last month drew cool reactions. The sources said emerging opposition parties feared they would be compromised if they threw their weight behind reforms drawn up entirely by the

ruling National Liberation

The Social Democratic Party said recently it did not reject the idea of a "national pact" between parties but it ques-tioned whether the grounds for

such a pact existed.

The Rally for Culture and Democracy, which seeks greater recognition for the country's non-Arab Berber culture, as called on opposition parties to work out among themselves a minimum common platform to submit to the gov-

The two opposition groups with the most influence among striking workers - the fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front and the Communist Avant-Guard Socialist Party have kept silent on the prop-

osed national pact.

Hamrouche has said the government needs three years before its reforms and anti-recession measures bear fruit.

Officials project that by 1992, a crushing short-term foreign debt burden will have eased, crucial gas revenues will be rising and the dismantling of central economic planning will

have spurred productivity.
"The question, is will public patience last for another three years, and will opposition political parties in fact help to maintain it?" asked one Westem diplomat.

Social unrest and violence have threatened to undermine sweeping reforms Benjedid launched last year to pull Algeria out of economic crisis and build a free, multi-party democracy.

"There have been some excesses in the use of violence, both words and acts. We attribute these to the lack of experience, to the fact our society does not know the new democratic forms," Benjedid

"This does not mean the state is weak and cannot CODE."

In his first comment on the violence, Chadli appealed to all newly accredited opposition political parties to help ensure the success of the country's democratic experiment, one of the most ambitious in the Third World.

"It is the duty of all accredited parties to contribute to the emergence of real democracy and accept and abide by the rules of the game," he said. Labour unrest has made it

increasingly difficult for the government to implement plans to revamp the stagnant state sector inherited from two decades of socialist economic

An average of 250 strikes a month shook the economy last

#### Chadli Benjedid

"I am not against strikes, they are among the rights of workers. But... no one has the right to accelerate the destruction of the national economy. This is a crime, anything of the sort is treachery to the nation."

He said the strikes were in part triggered by political infighting, and that was un-acceptable.

"Managers must open the door of dialogue with true representatives of the workers. If they are right you must give them their rights," he told some 700 managers from all segments of the public sector.

Benjedid repeated a pledge that forthcoming multi-party elections on the local level, the first since independence, would be free and fair.

"I guarantee as the top official in the country that there will be free and effective elections to allow the Algerian people to exercise full democracy and freedom," he said.

### Solarz: U.S. wants to end Afghan 'agony'

WASHINGTON (AP) - Congressman Stephen Solarz says U.S. policy to end the war in Afghanistan has failed and the United States is searching for a formula to end bloodshed and remove Afghanistan as a thorn in the side of U.S.-Soviet relations.

Solarz said Tuesday his House Subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs will hold hearings on the issue later this month, after learning the results of Secretary of State James Banker's talks with Kremlin leaders starting Wednesday in Moscow.

U.S. policy in the past was based on predictions of an early collapse of the Communist government in Afghanistan once the Afghanistan to be selected at a lieves means Najibullah's even- envision how one can get a po Soviets ended their decade-long forthcoming Shura, or traditional tual removal, Kimmitt said on a tical settlement."

occupation a year ago, said

The Democrat said a compromise is needed because "there won't be a ceasefire without a political settlement or a military victory by one side or the other. President George Bush's admi-

nistration, which recently sent a high-level State Department team to the area, seeks to broaden the base of the Afghan Interim Government (AIG) made up mostly of resistantice leaders living in Pakistan, he said.

"I see no prospect for a political settlement unless the AIG succeeds in broadening its base" with members from within council of leaders, Solarz said, recalling his talks in Pakistan last month with Pakistan government and Afghan resistance officials. Robert Kimmitt, undersecret-

ary of state, said on Jan. 18. that

warmer U.S.-Soviet relations

have created an opening for a political end to the Afghan civil While Washington still insists that President Najibullah be removed his departure is no longer seen as a prerequisite to

opening peace talks. Moscow has resurrected a yearold offer of a "transitional" government, which Washington be-

Solarz said Pakistan "is very

serious" about waiting to end the war because it realises that 3 million Afghan refugees living its' soil "are not going to return home while the fighting continues — while it's not safe."

The current guerrilla leadership voices interest in a political settlement "but their definition of political settlement has the character of unconditional suitender," Solarz said. "Inasauch as they say there is no room for Najibullah or for anyone elsefrom the People Democratic Party of Afghanistan, it is difficult to

### Ethiopia reports advances against Tigre rebels

ADDIS ABABA (Agencies) Ethiopia said Wednesday its army had destroyed a large rebel force in southern Gondar pro-vince and was slowly pushing back insurgents in neighbouring Wollo province.

The official news agency said army units had reached the outskirts of the strategic city of Wel-tiya in northern Wollo province, making what it called "slow but steady" progress against apparently stiff opposition.

The news agency said the rebel Tigre People's Liberation Front

(TPLF) suffered heavy casualties in two days of fighting, about 48 kilometres west of Nefas Mewcha in southern Gondar.

Nefas Mewcha was the first provincial town the Tigrean rebels captured in September in their sweep into Gondar from strongholds in their home province of Tigre to the east.

The latest fighting was reported to have taken place Sun-

674155

day and Monday. Although the rebels reported fighting in the Gondar area about a week ago, they have not mentioned the recent battle. Both sides normally report only vic-

The Tigrean rebels launched their offensive in late Angust, pushing south and west out of Tigre into Wollo and Gondar provinces and penetrating as far south as Showa, the province in which the capital, Addis Ababa, is located.

The government declared a mass mobilisation in September and made its first major counterthrust in January, recapturing the strategic garrison town of Debre Tabor in Gondar and apparently pushing the rebels northward out of Showa.

The Tigrean rebels have been fighting for 14 years to topple the Marxist government of President Mengistu Haile Mariam. Their leaders say they want a govern-

the last hardline Communist government in Eastern Europe. Meanwhile Deputy Prime

Minister Ashagre Yigletu was quoted Wednesday as saying the rival factions of a small rebel group fighting for independence in the Red Sea province of Erit-rea have united for preliminary peace talks with the Ethiopian government. Ashagre, who flew to Sanaa

Tuesday for talks with the Eritrean Liberation Front (ELF), was quoted by the official Ethiopian News Agency (ENA) as saying the group's various factions

"have agreed to come forward as one group and not individually as year with the main rebel movement in Eritrea, the Eritrean

Other Flights (Terminal (2)

ment patterned after Albania's, rebel force that is militarily active in the province. Ashagre said the talks in North

> Yemen would be "a new beginning and independent of previous contacts with the ELF." The government has previously had separate contacts with diffe-

> rent factions of the divided move-Ashagre said if preliminary discussions went well, substantive peace talks could start within a

The ELF launched a guerrilla war for the independence of Entrea, a former Italian colony, in 1961 and the EPLP was founded as a Marxist splinter movement in

The EPLF, which has now re-Ethiopia's Marxist government nounced Marxism, controls all of began separate peace talks last northern and western Entrea, while ELF military activities are limited to occasional skirmishes People's Liberation Front with EPLF forces near the (EPLF), which is now the only Sudanese border.

FOR FRIDAY

JORDAN TELEVISION

### JORDAN TELEVISION

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	Book of Adventure
	News for the Deaf
18:20	Religious programme
19:00	Health programme
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Repairs
Jordan Television
Electric Power Company 626381
RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200
HOSPITALS
AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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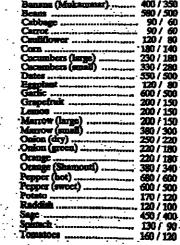
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### Ministers give replies to deputies Saturday

AMMAN (Petrs) — The Lower House of Parlimbont will convene Saturday in a session where cabinot members will provide toplies to questions put forward by parliament members on maters of concern to the public. A statement here said that the deputies would also projectly proposals on various local and parl-Arab issues and problems measurement by the and problems encountered by the public during the session which will be attended by Printe Minis-ter Moder Badran and the

According to the statem the agenda includes among other things ratification of a loss agreement between Jordan and the Knwait Pund for Arab Economic Development to finance an expansion of the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company's work at Shidich mines and another loan agreement with the Sandi De-

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MEME ONE

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velopment Fund to finance Wadi Ai Yitten-Agaba coust mad. Meanwhile, the House's Pales time Affairs Committee met here Wednesday to hear a report by its chairman, Bassam Haddadin, on the outcome of his meeting with the Minister of Interior on matters resulting from Jordan's decision to sever tice with the West

The committee members dis-cused the Soviet Joseph miles in Palestine and decided to call for a joint meeting with the House's Foreign Affairs Committee in order to embark on joint initiatives and contacts with the Soviet Presidium, the European Parliament, the United States Congress and embassies of foreign cont-tries in Amman to present Jordan's views with regard to the

### Tawjihi results cannot be reexamined — official

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Ministry of Education Wednesday ruled out the possibility of allowing Tawjihi students to review their exam papers evaluated by ministry teachers in the past mouth following the Tawjihi examination which was taken by more than 66,000 male and female stu-

Director of the ministry's examination division, Mohammad Sayel Obeidat, was commenting on reports in the local press about giving the students a chance to revise their exam papers.

He said that the grades were accurate and the evaluation was one hundred per cent sound. There is no possibility for errors because each paper was examined by more than one teacher before the final grade was agreed on, Obeidat noted.

The ministry can by no means

they deserve higher grades, to revise papers after all measures had been taken by ministry officials and teachers to reach the final grade, Obeidat added.

The result of the mid-year Tawjihi examinations were announced Monday in various governorates and many students found that their grades were not as high as those of colleagues of previous years.

According to the ministry, the lowest grade was for English at 40 per cent in the literary stream and 70 per cent for the scientific stream. Obeidst said that the general average grades ranged between 70 and 80 per cent. According to Obeidat, 239 stu-

dents had their papers cancelled from the examinations for violations of given regulations.

### Ministry refers tea merchants to court

AMMAN (J.T.) - A total of 13 wholesale and retail merchants have been discovered by Ministry of Supply inspection teams to have hoarded large amounts of tea or to have refused to put it up for sale, according to a Ministry

of Supply statement.
It said that the inerchants involved in the cases have been referred to court for trial. The statement said that these merchants were awaiting the new rate of prices to come into force before supplying the market with the tea hoping to make larger

The ministry Tuesday announced that the price of tea would go up from JD 2.150 to JD 2.250 a kilogramme (Gazalein brand) in accordance with a decision taken by a special committee from a number of concerned government departments.

The Supply Ministry secretary-general said that the hike in price was caused by a 10 per cent rise in the price of tea in the country of origin. Merchants, he said, can still go on making a 15 per cent profit on sales

In its statement Wednesday, the Ministry of Supply said that it will take legal action against all merchants violating the regulations concerning supply products, and arged members of the public to report any manipulation.

### TCC to disconnect lines

AMMAN (I.T.) — The Telecommunications Corporation, effective Saturday, will partially disconnect telephones of those who failed to pay bills due in 1989.

"Bills due from subscribers stand at JD 2,300,000. The subscribers will hopefully settle their bills before the partial disconnection of telephones begin," Tele-communications Corporation Director General Mohammad Shahed Isma'il told Al Ra'i Wednesday.

The "partial disconnection" measure, Isma'il said, implies that telephones can only receive calls: He continued that this twoweek measure is designed to alert subscribers to the need to settle their bills. Isma'il warned that if bills due are not settled after the two-week period, then telephones will be completely disconnected and that the reconnection will be conditional to settling all bills and paying of a JD 5 recon-

### WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ A plastic art exhibition which includes pointings, aculptures and ceramic works at the Spanish Cultural Centre.
- ☆ An exhibition of photos of plays directed by Chereau, Mea-guich, Maouchkine, Plauchon and others, at the French Cultural Centre.
- \* An architectural exhibition by Ja'for Tonqua at the Jordan University of Science and Technology.
- \* A photographic exhibition entitled "Panorama 1989" at the
- Seviet Cultural Centre.
- An exhibition of pointings by Alia Ammoura, Nabila Hilmi and Nawa! Abdullah at Abdul Hamood Shunan Foundation.

### ☆ A plastic art exhibition by Tawfiq Al Soyed at the Goothe Institute.

### CONCERT

 $\boldsymbol{\times}$  A concert by the renowned Iraqi oud player Music Bashir at the Philadelphia Hotel — 8:60 p.m.

- A Soviet film entitled "The Others' Letters" at the Soviet Cultural Centre --- 6:90 p.m.
- \* A feature fibre entitled "Life with Father" at the American
- ★ Two German films entitled "Schimpf vor zwoelf" and "Bilder cines Jahres" shown respectively at 5:00 and 8:30 p.m. at the Goethe Institute.



### Rat-bitten apples spark **JAMPCO-merchants row**

AMMAN (Petra) - Agricultural merchants and middlemen at the central marketplace operated by the Greater Amman Municipality said Wednesday that part of consignments of apples imported from Turkey and sold in Jordan was unfit for human consump-

They said that they found rats in some of the apple boxes upon their arrival in Jordan under importation arrangements made with the Jordan Agricultural Marketing and Processing Com-pany (JAMPCO) --- the sole importer of apples from Turkey. However, JAMPCO Director-General Ayed Al Wirr denied

that the apples on sale in Jordan at present were imported through the company, and raised the possibility that they could be brought into the country through other "We imported 5,000 tonnes of

apples from Turkey in the past two months and during the importation period which ended at the start of 1990 there were a number of violations on the part of the exporters and parts of apple shipments were destroyed when it was discovered that they were unfit for consumption, Wirr noted. "For the past five days, JAMPCO did not put on the market any apples for sale," Wirr added charging that some merchants could have stored large quantities of apples awaiting the opportune moment when there is poor supply, so as to sell the apples at higher prices, thus

A number of merchants, and as low as 200 fils.

process of importation of apples to the local metchants, a move they said would no doubt lead to a reduction of prices.

The merchants said that a similar problem was encountered when JAMPCO was solely allowed to import onions and potatoes; but when its mandate ended, the prices went down dra-

One of the merchants, called Abdul Hammid, said that JAMP-CO was not operating a fair distribution system because it was giving the big influential mer-chants the bion's share of the shipments leaving very little for the rest. He also accused JAMP-CO of importing commodities through a third party which causes the eventual price rates to go up because middlemen normally charge high commissions for their operations.

A merchant who preferred anonymity, said that JAMPCO had no time to inspect the boxes of imported apples due to high demand on the product, and did not bring the consignments to the central marketplace for proper examination.

Another merchant, Akram Abdul Aziz Tubeishat, Petra that JAMPCO was monopolising the market by restricting to itself the importation of onions, potatoes, garlic and apples causing a high rise in prices. At present, he said, a kilogramme of onions is sold at 600 fils, but should the merchants modities the price could drop to

Jordan News Agency, Petra, cal- was forcing local farmers to trans-

tic boxes when they bring these products from the Jordan Valley to Irbid, Amman, and Zarqa, the main consuming centres. This, Tubeishat said, tends to cause the

price of goods to rise since the box itself costs at least 300 fils. According to Wirr, Jordan, has lately embarked on planting apple trees in a number of regions; and production started two years ago but the yields are not enough for the market. The country is expected to become self sufficient in apples in four years time. Wirr

At present, JAMPCO is importing apples from Lebanon in a barter agreement, exchanging apples for Jordanian vegetables but Wirr warned that apple prices will rise now since Lebanese apples are of very high quality but also with higher prices too. He said that agreement was reached for exchanging 2,550 tonnes of Jordanian vegetables for 1,500 tonnes of Lebanese apples.

In a separate development Agriculture Minister Suleiman Arabiyat visited the central marketplace: in Amman Wednesday and said that he was following with deep concern the subject of establishing a centre for agricultu-ral boxes and other containers to transport the produce.

The minister met with merchants and owners of agricultural stores and urged the merchant's association to try to expand Jordan's agricultural exports to other

The merchants demanded that the ministry provide support for the export process by protecting middlemen interviewed by the Tubeishat noted that JAMPCO Jordan's produce from foreign

## Labour ministry stops issuing work permits

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Labour announced Wednesday that its offices would stop issuing work permits to all non-Jordanians in all sectors throughout the Kingdom as of Thursday Feb. 8, 1990 and until further notice.

A ministry statement said that the new measure was taken in implementation of the government's policy of tackling memployment in Jordan through controlling and organising the Jordamian labour market with a view to finding jobs for unemployed

The statement said that ministry inspection teams would be charged with intensifying campaigns at all businesses in the country to ensure that they all abide by local labour regulations. The team would take legal proceedings against violators of the law, the statement noted.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran last week referred to the unemployment problem in Jordan by revealing the presence of 80,000 memoloyed citizens in the comtry at a time when Jordan emdifferent sectors.

Last October the Ministry of numbers. Labour said that only 70,000 non-Jordanian workers who work in the Kingdom have acquired official work permits, and the rest were illegally employed.

ministry said inspection teams would be increased and their daily routine work will be intensified so as to expose the violators of the law and to open the way for Jordanian job seekers to find employment.

At the same time, the ministry said that it could not find substitutes for those employed as cleaners and garbage collectors, since no Jordanian wanted to do this type of work.

The Ministry of Labour earlier banned all non-Jordanians from being employed in administrative, secretarial, clerical, engineering and medical fields or as petrol station attendants.

But the ministry said that employment can be given to non-

ploys 175,000 non-Jordanian Jordanians in the agricultural sec-Arab and foreign workers in tor and as nurses for whom the country does not have sufficient

According to the statement, Jordan , some 12,000 non-Jordania servants and maids out programmes have started to provide train-To deal with the problem, the ing for workers to be employed at charitable centres and homes for the aged.

> The Labour ministry's announcement Wednesday followed a statement published in the Jordan Times quoting Labour Minister Qaseem Obeidat as saying that his ministry has submitted to the Council of Ministers a proposal for a minimum fixed wage of JD 75 to 80 a month, about twice the basic earnings of the lowest paid foreign labourer.

Jordan has traditionally exported surplus skilled labour to Arab Gulf states. At least 300,000 Jordanians are believed to be working in Gulf states, but job opportunities there have

### Scholars, performers seek to revive Arabic music

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The curtain goes down Thursday on a week-long musical and cultural fair which offered an insight into Jordanian and Arab traditional and avantguard music.

Inaugurated last Saturday by Her Majesty Queen Noor, the programme's activities included: a seminar entitled "Arabic music in Jordan"; a series of concerts presented by local troupes, Arab and international music stars such as Patrick Lama — a Jerusalemborn, Paris-based composer, researcher and analyst.

It also included a three-day meeting of the first "Arab Music Rostrum", which provided valuable examples of traditional, classical and contemporary music of the Arab World.

Many participants presented recordings of 60 minute duration depicting the musical heritage of their respective countries or regions. Some entries, however, were performed firsthand by specialists from different Arab coun-

onsored by the Interna tional Music Council (IMC) and the Arab Academy of Music (AAM), the rostrum came out with recommendations aimed at spreading throughout the Arab World entries which carned high

scores. A selection committee was set

up to assess the scores of new entries in accordance with various categories related to geographic distribution, stylistic, authenticity and artistic standard.

Songs and music pieces from the United Arab Emirates. (UAE), Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Iraq, Oman and Jordan earned top grades and the committee recommended that those entries be transmitted by Arab radio stations.

Traditional folk pieces from Tunis, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Oman. Somalia, Yemen, Palestine and Jordan were ranked "B" in the final judgement of the committee.

Tens of music fans attended the week-long activities, co-spon- Fuheis folk group sang to the sored by the Amman-based times of authentic Jordan and National Music Conservatory (NMC), the Baghdad-based AAM and the IMC which is affiliated with UNESCO.

On Wednesday, the participants held a seminar entitled "Arab music in Jordan." The seminar tackled a number of working papers dealing with the historical, social, educational and

On the fringes of the week-long programme, Jordanian artists and folk troupes staged outstanding performances which earned much applause from the Arab partici-

On Sunday, the renowned be held next September.



**HM Queen Noor** 

Arab folk music and received a standing ovation from the audi-

Patrick Lama, a Paris-based Arab pianist, had also a share of the action. His fingers played innovative, state-of-the-art pieces where he coupled authenticity with avant-guard compositions.

Tonight, Thursday, Munir psychological aspects of music in Bashir, a renowned Iraqi oud Jordan.

Bashir, a renowned Iraqi oud player and an expert on Arabic music performs at Philadelphia Hotel. Bashir, who represented Iraq at the rostrum invited Jordanian top-ranking folk troupes to participate in the forthcoming Babel cultural fair, scheduled ...

### Nabulsi outlines monetary restructuring plan

IRBID (J.T.) — Jordan is at small economy compared with present directing its attention to the neighbouring Arab states decarry out a national economic restructuring programme designed to increase national sav-ings, curb excessive consumption and reduce the margin of deficit in the fiscal budget, according to Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Governor Mohammad Said

He said to achieve this goal, the country is embarking on measures to improve agricultural production, giving attention to small and medium size projects carried out by the private sector and striving to increase exports.

The CBJ is a central focus in

this whole operation and is trying its best to stabilise the exchange rate of the Jordan dinar, according to Nabulsi in a lecture delivered at Yarmonk University.

According to the governor, recent measures taken by the CBJ owing to Arab financial assistance, Jordan has been able to

currency reserves to be able to intervene in the market and to have real infinence in currency exchange rates.

Following are other highlights of Nabulsi's lecture.

increase its foreign currency reserve to \$465 million by the end of last year, up from \$109 million at the end of 1988. He said that the CBJ is trying to replenish the bank's foreign

Jordan which has a relatively

effects on Jordan causing a devaluation of the dinar. This was pends to a large extent on developing its natural and manpower resources, on money transfers from expatriates working abroad, exports and loans and financial assistance from other countries. At the same time the Kingdom

has been active in developing skilled labour to supply it to Arab countries which form a source for income to Jordan. It is natural therefore to link

the national economy with the economic, political and regional situations in the Arab World and it is natural for Jordan to keep adapting to new developments resulting from them. Between 1972 and 1985 Jordan

was able to achieve high growth rates benefitting from the favourable situation in the Gulf economies resulting from the oil boom. But, the regional economic re-cession brought about adverse

accompanied by a decline of remittances from expatriates and the return of many Jordanian. workers resulting in increased unemployment in the Kingdom. Consequently, Jordan's external debts increased by the end of

According to government plans the economic restructuring programme aims to: First: Promote the role of the private sector through promoting.

1988 to reach \$11.8 billion.

national exports and setting up the proper institution to guarantee exports. Second: In the financial policy through the economic restructur-

ing programme Jordan aims to increase revenues and control government spending 'and rationalise consumption so as to reduce the margin of deficit in the fiscal budget.

#### Under the patronage of His Royal Highness **Crown Prince Hassan** EUROPEAN FILM FESTIVAL FEB. 10 - 17, 1990

Philadelphia Cinema, Jabal Amman Programme of films

Saturday, Feb. 10 (by invitation only) Sunday, Feb. 11 Monday, Feb. 12 Tuesday, Feb. 13 Wednesday, Feb. 14 Thursday, Feb. 15 Friday, Feb. 16

Saturday, Feb. 17

Long Live the Lady (Italy) The Big Blue (France) On the Black Hill (United Kingdom) Sailors Don't Cry (Belgium) The Pilot (F.R. Germany) Birthday Town (Greece) Bewitched Love (Spain) Looking for Eileen (Netherlands)

Films are in their original language and subtitled in English.

(All films start at 8:00 p.m. and entrance is free of charge on a first come first served basis).

#### according to cold war alliances. economy, I am in no position to Not only were Europe-Arab relations defined by them but He says a united Germany would be the biggest (with a population of 85 million) and also inter-Arab relations and possibly the most powerful in international relationships were

'Arabs should reassess E. Europe events'

A daily scene at the agricultural market place centre.

defined by 'whose side you were on.' Now all those relationships have to be redefined." On the question of the reunification of Germany, Sherif Fawaz thinks the decision to reunify will be that of the German people and is no longer up to the Soviet Union and the

United States. "This march,

elections will be held in East

Germany, and in December

(Continued from page 1)

noting that scores of the injured

were dying in hospitals due to

scarcity of blood, and antibiotics

ed victims who passed away at hospitals in east Beirut alone. We

do not have updated reports from the rest of the (Christian) en-

clave," said a police spokesman.

"We have reports of 18 wound-

and other medicines.

Aoun vows to fight to finish

(Continued from page 1)

and much of the rest of the

world had defined themselves

Germany and that is when the question of German reunification will be decided."

elections will be held in West

"While many people may not be very comfortable with that idea, it is up the Germans, and

the Germans only, to decide on their fate," he said. While the West German goverament had already paid the state of Israel \$47 billion in reparations for Nazi crimes against the Jews in Europe, Israel is now demanding reparations from the East Germans.

He said General Michel Acun

was reorganising his forces in

apparent preparation for major

assaults to dislodge the LF from

its besieged strongholds in the

800-square-kilometre Christian

In his press conference

Wednesday, Aoun said: "The

world can smash me, but cannot

force me to approve Taif."

say," the ambassador said. Although the ambassador sees the latest developments as positive in global terms, he cautions against inaction by the Arab World.

Whether reparations would be

paid, and how, considering East Germany's state of the

"Since we no longer have to worry about the East-West conflict, any damage done to the Arab cause, such as the restoration of ties between Israel and East European countries, has to be carefully studied and analyzed."

He termed West German-Jordanian ties as excellent.

#### **END OF WINTER SALE** JORDAN RIVER QUILTS

At the Bridal Chest, Kan Zaman (Off Airport Highway opposite Arabian Horse Club)
Thru February

Save the Children Project

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### Helping hand to continuity in Moscow

THE SOVIET Communist Party's move to surrender its monopoly on power and make way for a multi-party system in the country crowns the reform programme in Eastern Europe as launched or approved by Mikhail Gorbachev. There is little doubt that world democracy owes a lot to the Soviet leader, who, despite fierce opposition from Communist diehards, managed to open the door for people's participation in decision-making in Eastern Europe through his "perestroika" and "glasnost" reform programmes while not getting directly involved in the affairs of the hitherto "Soviet satellites."

The current visit of American Secretary of State James Baker to Moscow assumes larger significance when seen in light of the sweeping political changes within the Soviet Union. This is simply because the speed with which the reforms have been turned into reality appears to raise dangers for the Soviet leader himself if not backed by the internatinal community. The very fact that Gorbachev has been displaying an extremely skilful political manoeuvring abilities should be a pointer to the Western powers, notably the United States, that the Soviet president is a force not only to be reckoned with, but also that his reforms must be protected against some of his own people if the world is to realise the dream of a fully democratic Soviet Union.

At this point in time, therfore, it would appear only logical to suggest that arms control issues should assume a lesser important role in order to make way for strengthened political interaction between the superpowers' leaders during Baker's talks in Moscow. Of course, this is not to suggest that there the threats inherent in the global arms race have been totally eliminated, but that what the world needs today is continuity in Moscow. And the only means to ensure that is through helping Gorbachev to protect and push ahead with his reform programmes, which are threatened by chronic economic problems as partly reflected. in the secessionist unrest in the various republics that make up the Soviet Union. The Soviet Union may not need any handouts from the West, but it does need better economic management and this is an area where the U.S. and other West European countries could extend a helping hand.

We can only hope that Secretary Baker would not resort to arms-twisting factics with the Soviet leadership at this crucial point and deal with the issues in Moscow with clarity and vision, with a view to encouraging and ensuring that the new era in Soviet history is not abruptly put to an end.

### JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

AL RA'I Arabic daily on Wednesday criticised the Arab Nation's reaction to the influx of Soviet Jews in Palestine as one that does not rise to the minimum level of responsible Arab attitude towards a very important issue. The paper said that Jordan seems to be alone in the arena, pointing to this serious situation from a national stand and trying to alert the nations of the world about the consequences of substituting Arabs with Jewish immigrants in the occupied territories. In the light of total indifferent attitude of the Soviet Union and the United States with regard to this grave situation, there is no alternative but to rally the ranks of the Arab Nation and adopt a unified stand, the paper said. The continued influx indicates that Moscow and Washington are both giving up their peace roles and their endeavours to establish peace and stability in the Middle East region; and indeed, placing obstacles in the path of peace, the paper added. It said that what is happening now is a mere exchange of parts by the Soviet Union and the United States in the Middle East arena at the expense of peace in our region. The paper called on the Arab leaders to meet at a special summit devoted solely for this important question to

The attack on the bus in Egypt in which several Israelis were killed gives rise to a question about the reality and the nature of relations between Israel and Egypt. Is there really peace between the two sides? asks Taren Masarweh in his column in Al Ra'i Arabic daily. The writer notes that Israel reached a kind of truce with Egypt to pave the way for its attack on Lebanon in 1982, and to amex the Golan Heights and threaten other parts of the Arabi. Nation. He says that the peace with Egypt through the Camp David accords was no more than a chance for Israel to raid the Iraqi nuclear power plant and to impose an aerial hegemony over Jordan and northern Saudi Arabia. What began in Camp David when Egypt was forced to succumb to the will of the United States' and Israel is now being pursued to encompass other Arab states and the Palestinians who are demanded to sign a document, giving approval to Israel's usurpation of Palestinian homeland, says the writer. He notes that the Camp David agreement came to pave the way for the so-called Jordanian option with the intention of creating an alternative homeland for the Palestinian people in the Kingdom. Masarweh says that as long as we continue to be cheated by Washington's way of thinking about solutions we will continue to be defeated and we will never be able to regain our usurped rights.

Al Destour noted in its editorial Wednesday that the U.S. Congress has approved an urgent assistance programme for Israel amounting to \$1 billion to help it settle Soviet Jews on Palestinian land. The paper said that with this approval of American aid to Israel, the Arabs are witnessing a new phase of a serious conspiracy perpetrated through the collaboration of the two superpowers against the interests of the oppressed Palestinian people. The paper said that the influx of Jews will therefore continue to aim at appropring the Palestinians from their country to make way for the Soviet immigrants with the help of Washington which continues to brag about its intention to help bring about peace in the Middle East.

Talking Straight

## Political parties need vision, tolerance and platforms

THE first weeks in the life of the new Parliament have pointed out two important developments in the evolution of political life in Jordan. The first one is that freedom of expression, for the first time in several decades, is real and in motion. It is being practised by the Jordanian society in general, and the members of Parliament in particular. The second is the obvious absence of political frameworks to organise this freedom and translate it into effective and pragmatic courses of action.

This newly acquired freedom has taken both the press and Parliament by surprise. In less tolerant days, criticism of the government by itself was perceived as an act of courage. Today, that act is no longer sufficient. As soon as the initial euphoria of being able to express ideas freely begins to subside, both the press and Parliament will be faced with the more difficult task of digging into problems, offering objective analysis of issues and ing alternatives.

In the absence of political frameworks, the result so far has been more or less chaotic. The press has offered little beyond cosmetic criticisms, and Parliament members, inexperienced in the political game as most of them indeed are and with no clear ance to direct their moves, have been conspicuously novice in their handling of the vote of confidence and budget deliberations. The government, on the other hand, has not fared much better. It appears to be trying to appease every single demand of every single Parliament member, which of course is not possible, nor does it help define a clear policy for the executive branch. It is clear by now to even the most sceptical, I hope, that the only way.

out of this disarray is through legalising and institutionalising the
political process in Jordan. His Majesty the King has already
indicated that such a step is in the making. The National Charter, which will be drafted by a royal commission to be appointed soon. will do just that. It will define the framework within which all political parties in Jordan will function, and it will set the stage of such parties to exist. Only then will we start to reap the real benefits of democracy.

But what is really required to have in a party so that it can claim to be a national party with the wide support and effective sharing in the political life in Jordan? I feel there are some basic principles that all parties should be aware of if indeed they are to be truly viable.

The first and foremost that any party should have is vision. Any party to be formed should develop a clear, well-defined picture about where it wants to lead the nation. This is the challenge that will face all of the upcoming parties. In the past, we had different visions of where Jordan should go: The Communists, the Ba'athists, the Arab nationalists, the Muslim fundamentalists, all had visions of their own. Today, with the exception of the Muslim Bootherhood all the other visions are I day say almost dead. Brotherhood, all the other visions are, I dare say, almost dead. We have lived in the last thirty years in an almost ideological vacuum. The challenge today is to come up with new visions, new dreams of a future Jordan that can be achieved and that the average citizen can relate to. Otherwise, we will repeat the experience of the fifties, where pseudo-parties were formed by or consisting of several ideologues, political activists, or friends without a wide popular base. Political parties have to present the country with clear and different altenatives, regardless of whether they are modified versions of earlier visions or whether they are

The second principle that should form one of the backbones of any party's platform is the strong, uncompromising, and everlasting belief in the right of all political parties to co-exist in a multi-party system. The National Charter should spell out this point in the clearest possible language. No party has the right to spread its ideas without equally acknowledging the right of all: other parties to do so because in a true democracy, the only way to have a proper system of checks and balances is to ensure that there are always, and I mean always, at least two points of view. One-party, one-thought systems have never worked anywhere in the world. The fall of the Communist regimes in Eastern Europe is only the latest example attesting to this fact. Any party that does not adhere to this basic principle should be banned from political activity in the country.

This is a question of survival for Jordan. That is why one should not shy away from voicing one's views in this regard. Any society has to carry within itself the seeds of change. Otherwise, that society is doomed to stagnation and ultimate self-destruction. Those who are not ready to accept the existence of ideas and practices other than their own are inviting destruction to

mer press advisor to the prime minister. Today, he resumes writing his column, Talking Straight in g his column, Talking at, in the Jordan Times fler an absence of two years.



By Marwan Muasher

themselves and to society at large. It is therefore absolutely essential that all parties believe not in the possibility of the existence of other parties but in their necessity as well.

The third principle is that all parties should develop clear political and economic platforms to translate their visit practical policies that can be implemented. In other words, their platforms should have some beef in them. General, fuzzy platforms with no clear political and economic lines are no longer acceptable, nor will they be able to ensure the survival of a political party. In an era where we face serious political, and economic challenges, we need parties to propose to its clear linea of action to overcome these challenges, beyond general principles that everybody agrees on, such as the case with several "draft" party manifestos that we have recently seen.

These are the issues I feel any party has to consider seriously if it hopes to lead the nation in the future. It is clear we are still at the beginning of the road. It is also clear that political parties will. have to go a long way before becoming fully developed. But before we start learning and practising the political game, we have to agree on the set of rules by which to play it.

### Soviet Central Committee has grown steadily bigger, weaker

By Patrick Worsnip

MOSCOW — The Central Committee, once the powerhouse of the Soviet Communist Party, has become a bloated organisation filled with elderly bureaucrats who take few real decision, its critics say. .

But, because of its high official status, the committee can play a key role at critical moments like this week's meeting at which Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev is trying to force radical changes upon the party.

Before the 1917 Bolshevik Re-

volution, the Central Committee consisted of a handful of key people who formed the core of the party, meeting in secret to decide its policy. At one meeting in 1905, nine of for a level of about 200.

The Associated Press

SOFIA, Bulgaria - The Com-

munist Party has emerged from

its four-day congress outwardly strengthened, but restive party reformers and growing opposi-

tion strength pose a threat to its long-time survival as the domi-

Corruption, economic misman-

agement and preservation of out-dated Marxist dogma have made

the Communists increasingly un-

attractive in the eyes of many

people, knowledgeable Bulga-

Communist leaders are attemp-

ting to dilute their party's un-

favourable image, however.

In an effort to share the burden

of repairing the crisis-ridden eco-

nomy, the Communist leadership

has said it will set up a "govern-ment of national concord" — a

vague term suggesting opposition participation in running the coun-try until free elections planned

Andrei Lukanov, a party and

government veteran with man-

agerial skills and reformist ideas,

was elected prime minister on

He was expected to try to

persuade some members from the

By Tom Heneghan

Reuter

DAVOS, Switzerland - The

pace of German reunification,

already faster than Bonn or East

Berlin can control, accelerates

still further this month as both

states struggle urgently to fend off East Germany's collapse.

Timetables, doubts and object

what has to be done next.

Minister Hans Modrow retreated

to this luxury Swiss ski resort for

an international business confer-

There was little time to enjoy

ence over the weekend.

for May.

nant political force.

its 11 members were arrested by the tsarist police.

In the early days of Soviet power it continued to take vital decisions. A meeting of 15 members in February 1918 decided with seven votes for, four against and four abstensions to pull out of the World War I and accept a humiliating peace with Germany.

As the Communist regime established itself, the Central Committee gradually became bigger and weaker. It rose to 40 members in 1923, 71 in 1939 and continued to swell after World War II, reaching an apex of 319 members and 151 candidate (nonvoting) members in 1981.

Gorbachev has tried to scale it back, cutting it to 249 members officials last year and reportedly aiming

but faced with possible split

According to its statutes the Central Committee runs the party in the five-year intervals between congresses. But with a requirement to meet only twice a year, the committee itelf has little abil-

ity to do so in practice. Top day-to-day decisions are taken by the party politburo, currently consisting of 12 members, and its secretariat, which has 13. These bodies have traditionally predominated over the government.

Extensive powers on more mundane matters are held by the Central Committee's full-time bureaucracy or "apparatus." This has nine departments and is thought to employ about 1,000

Soviets state founder Vladimir Leain wanted two thirds of the

Central Committee to consist of workers but at present the vast majority are regional party leaders and government ministers or their deputies who virtually have an automatic right to a place.

Most of these are elderly men. The magazine "Argumenty I Fakty" reported this week that of the members elected at the last party congress four years ago, 61 per cent had either reached retiring age of 60 or would do so during their term of office.

By contrast, in 1927 almost half the members were under 40. The weekly said indignantly that the committee ought to be "a militant, working organ, demanding from its members selfless. untiring enthusiasm, not honorary tenure."

Despite its weaknesses, the committee still has extensive for-

members, includes three socialist

alliance reformers --- Ivan Niko-

lov, Koprinka Chervenkova and

the difficulty faced by minority

nally was to contain 131 mem-

progressives.

renresentatives.

olovali

But their election illustrated

The supreme council, successor to the central committee, origi-

But for the sake of perceived

Since Ms. Chervenkova and

the other two ranked so far be-

hind on the ballot, 19 other Com-

munists listed before them —

mostly conservatives - had to be

only chance for survival is to

reorganise along the lines of other Soviet bloc leftist parties

further advanced on the path to

Vassilev told the congress this

week: "Either we renovate the

party... or we will be gradually

shrinking into a political dwarf."
His son Nikolai, a congress

delegate, was even more pessi-mistic, proposing in an interview creation of a breakaway Bulga-rian Socialist Party.

Reformers believe the party's

added to the body as well.

balance, Mladenov proposed in-

clusion of the Socialist Alliance

mal powers and at crucial moments party leaders still need to get certain key decisions past its mainly conservative members.

In his early days in power, Josef Stalin used the committe to back him against what was sometimes a hostile majority in the politburo.

The dictator showed little gratitude for this support. Of the 139 members and candidate members

elected in 1934, a total of 98 were later arrested and shot, most of them in the great purges of 1937-38, according to subsequent leader Nikita Khrushchev.

The Central Committee also twice played a decisive role in Khrushchev's own fate, backing him in 1957 against the so-called "anti-party group" in the polit-buro but deciding in 1964 that it was time to oust him.

#### LETTERS

### My greatest gift

To the Editor:

IN the article "Veiled myths" by Mariam Shahin. Zuleikili Abu Rishe is to be commended for heig work as an education of children, a writer of children's literature and a poet. But I disagree with her stance on Islamic issues. Zuleikha is

perhaps used to criticism; so while I may differ with her on Islamic principles. I admire her intelligence. However, I ask, what distinguishes a Muslim woman from women of other faiths? Is it merely portrayed by what is in her heart, or is it displayed not only on her face but on her physical

appearance as well? I am a native American. I became a Muslim not only reading Islamic literature but by observing good Muslim women who were my only models of Islamic female behaviour. I disregarded those "modern" Arab women who did not wear starves and long dresses because they looked and acted much like American

It was from good Muslim women that I learned to pray, fast and say, "Al Hamdu L'Illah." I tried to raise my children as good Muslims although the task was often greatly challenging since I

was new to Islam. I have always felt Islam to be my greatest gift in life. I am continually puzzled by Arab Muslim women who shed their Islamic dress and adopt Western clothes as well as behaviour. How can any woman profess that she is a good Mashim in her heart? Does this mean then that besides discarding her heigh, she also does not pray and fast, therefore disobeying some of the basic pillars of her Islamic duties? A woman's faith is displayed not only in her hidden "heart" but physically as well. She must not only be an example to her children but also to her society.

Is she then odd because she wears a scarf? Even if all the world brands her "odd" she is obeying God which is the true meaning of

Islam, submission to the will of God.

I have returned to America on various visits to my children who are studying there. I never discard my hejab. I am a Muslim. I am proud to be a Muslim and hope to always improve my weaknesses even though my own American people think of me as "alien," I don't care for I am a walking, living ambassador of Islam.

I have met wonderful Americans who have converted to Islam.

The women wear the Isalmic dress, fast and pray. They have faith shining in their eyes and on their faces, because they knew how dark life was without Islam and how bright it has become as

Islam is a daily force in the life of the faithful. It is not something to be secluded or hidden but constantly enacted and

Drofessed.

Zuleikha is forgetting her Islamic duties. She should cast not her scarf but the tendency of many women to adopt Western dress and manners as "enlightenment." Englightenment should not conflict with Islamic principles. We should seek to please God first, for as Dante in the "Paradiso" put it, "In His will is our peace." Zuleikha should delve into Islam a bit further and there she will find that women are to be covered from head to foot with only the face and hands showing. She may also discover that in Islam a woman is like a precious dismond to be protected and

I am a struggling writer and poet and therefore empathise with all writers and poets as well as admire intellect, but it is despairing to see my new faith cast in an unfair light. "I once was lost, but now am found, was blind but now I see!"

E. Yaghi

### Eastern movies for a change

I AM a regular viewer of Jordan Television's foreign programme.

I like most programmes on waried, topics at I think they are really interesting. But I regret to say that I do not like the feature films, shown which are mostly Western movies. The stories and culture depicted in these movies do not tally with the Arab and Eastern. depicted in these movies do not any with the Arao and Hastern cultures which are identical to a great extent. Therefore it would be a welcome step if JTV would start showing some of the old classical Arab and Indian movies, dubbed as the need may be, for a change. I am confident that my view is shared by many Jordan. Television viewers as well.

opposition Union of Democratic after the onster of long-time reme council, consisting of 153 Forces to join government, sche-Communist leader Todor Zhivduled to be created by Thursday. kov on Nov. 10.

But a majority of the union's It might eventually merge with leadership, engaged in talks with the Communists, has said it would reject such participation. Radical reformers within the

party are another source of worry for Communist leaders. If such a fusion comes about, Top liberals in the alternative

Communists outwardly strengthened

Socialist alliance, a reformist Communist Party faction diseruntled with the conservatives' unwillingness to purge the party's Stalinist old guard, have said they may split away at a special Social-ist Alliance congress Feb. 11.

"The party stands at the edge of an abyss," said Asen Davidov, a socialist Alliance radical who teaches history of philosophy at

Sofia University.
However, both the liberal opponents inside the party and the Union of Democratic Forces. are not yet strong enough to pose a real challenge.

A more serious threat to the Communist Party's supremacy might come from the agrarians, if and when their two wings bury differences and join forces.

The agrarian party, until recently completely dominated by the Communists, has shown in-creasing signs of independence the reformist Agrarian Party, which was recently formed and is part of the Union of Democratic Forces.

the agrarians, who are better established than the new and newly revived opposition parties, might become serious rivals for power in Bulgaria. But it is unclear whether such a

move could be made before the first multi-party elections in May. For the time being, the Com-. munist Party, with a membership of nearly one million people more than ten per cent of the total population of 9 million --controls politics and virtually all

of the Balkan country's public At the party congress that en-

ded Friday, the three foremost reform-minded leaders, party chief Alexander Lilov, Lukanov and Petar Mladenov, who continues as state president after giving up the top party post, managed to avoid an open rift between the conservative main-

stream and the party rebels. The new policy-setting sup-

### **Pace of German** reunification gathers speed

tions are losing relevance by the day as panicky East Germans-racing to the West transple over the wobbly economic and political barriers that still divide the two the scenery. They huddled in a meeting — their first since Modmeeting — their first since Modrow agreed to unification last Thursday — to see how to speed up Boan's aid to East Berlin.

Both men were tight-lipped about their plans but Kohl himted that successful to many people could wait no longer for a better life.

Over 58,000 people — equivalent that some form of economic and

Now the biggest hurdle — Communist opposition to unity has fallen, a tone of anxious monetary union — a giant step forward that could create de facto urgency has come to colour statements from East and West on unification even before the two states formally merge — might be Bonn's Chancellor Helmut the next hurdle to clear. Kohl and East Berlin Prime

"We have to show the way into the future even before the elections," Kohl said after meeting Modrow here on Saturday. East Germany's first free polls, "

lent to the population of a small city - flooded across the open border last month, draining East Germany's labour pool and swamping West Germany's jobs and housing market.

Modrow, an ever sadder-looking figure as he struggles to keep a semblance of order in his country's head-over-heels scrambic towards unity, kept a grim silence exodus would start unless both

He told journalists to wait until February 13, the start of his first visit to Bonn. Kohl, who revealed they had discussed an economic union, also mentioned that date as a deadline for an "important step forward."
Proposals for a quick economic link, even including use of West Germany's deutschemark as the

sole currency for both states, met-resistance in Bonn and Frankfurt - home of West Germany's central bank — when they were first aired last month.

The rising clamour for quick action is putting the focus squarely on just such a step and it should be high on the agenda when Bundesbank President Karl Otto Poehl meets his East German counterpart, Horst Kaminsky, in East Berlin Tuesday.

Dreaden Mayor Wolfgang Berghofer, freer to speak now that he has quit the Communist party, warned on Friday that a huge new which leaders from both states over what surprises could be ex- Germanys forged a currency link.

our mind off monotonous day-to-day tasks.

Randa Habib's

Politics with fun

WHEN they gathered for the first time under the dome, I felt so moved, I could hardly breathe. After all, we were living a historical

may think of our parliament, it has played a major role in getting

First of all, it has in many ways provided us with material for heated household debate, jokes and gossip, and played a major role in determining where each of us stands regarding this or that

And what great moments we lived through their wonderful

speeches. We heard the most exciting ideas from marching to Jerusalem, to lowering prices. They were also able to corner

members of the government, even in major and sensitive subjects.

such as dates. And the explanation of the minister who insisted that

ment in our democratic experience. And no matter what one

### **Focus on People**

By Marian M. Shahin

WHILE many lordenians gramble over the lack of job opportuni-ties in the Kingdom and decide to go job imuting elsewhere, not all have that desire, nor do all feel the need to do so. Um Eid is one of Jordan's "enothicial curver women;" she has been an active member of the unregistered workforce for the past 23 years. After a two-year rest, Um 'Bid, 58, — who describes herself as a mother of nine and grandmother of 13 — "help of the house" has decided to go back to work. Mostly out of need, this traiddle-aged refuger, who lives in a two-room home in Swelleh with her extended family, has become a wage earner for the third time in her life.

This week Um 'Rid shares her thoughts on the work ethic, recent changes in Jordan's political life, the expected demographic changes in Palestine and the liberation of the Arab working woman with Focus on Feople.

With supersing agility, Um Fid gathers her thick worn thob to tack it into her shirwal and takes off her plastic shoes and heads

for the pail and Remognard in the kitchen of one of Abdoun's mannions. Her body is light and she moves with the case of a panther towards her prey; in this case her prey being cleaning

She has known the family she is working for since 1972 and thus is familiar with the order in the house, "I told the lady of the house she had to go to the mussaseh consumers' corporation because she had run out of some detergents. I don't understand them; they are rich and they try to save on the little things here and there," she says with a smirk.

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"I used to work for them when they still lived in Jabal Luweibdeh. Their children were young then and they were not as rich as now," Um 'Eid says with nostalgia.

"They have two Sri Lankans, but when they knew that I was in need of work they told me to come. They know that no one knows

## Jasmines and pearls

about cleaning like Um 'Eid," she says with a grin, her kohled

According to Um 'Eid, domand for local domestic help is on the rise in Amman "because they don't want to pay for the work

'Eid and Mahmoud, her two eldest sons, have gone to the Gulf to work and Abu 'Eid has been sick for the last year. "My boys send some money but they have mouths to feed. So what they send is much less than before. My two eldest daughters are married and they work and sometimes they help us at home but we can't keep on taking from them; they have other responsibilities," Um 'Eid says decidedly.

Um 'Eid and Abu 'Eid still have five unmarried children living

at home. Two of them are pursuing technical education. 'Eid and Mahmoud were able to receive a university education in Jordan, one at Yarmouk University and the other at University of Jordan. The younger of the two received a scholarship because of his outstanding grades. The other was enrolled with the help of a former employer who used his infinence in what was until recently a university system that allowed for a lot of admissions through wasta." Mostly the children of the well to do and influential and their relatives and acquaintances benefitted from such links. But, as is evident in the case of 'Eid, a few others also benefitted from

the "wasta" system. Officially registered as Palestinian refugees, Um and Abu 'Eid hall from a village near Ramleh and the 'Eid family has often benefitted from the many social and educational programmes of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA).

Um 'Eid is illiterate but is fiercely proud of the education that her children have been able to obtain. "My children study at universities and colleges and they work. Abu Eid always had trouble keeping a job because of his bad health. He is 60 now and all his teeth have fallen out and he has pains in his legs," she says.

Um 'Eid bypasses a question on the recent changes in Jordan. "All I know is that life is more expensive, our children are abroad and that more Jews are coming to Palestine and they say there will be another catastrophe. If those people elected to Parliament and their democracy are going to do anything about all that, then good; if not, then we have not lost anything either. I am a guest here and it is not my place to speak. Whenever we, the Palestinians, speak, they say that trouble follows, so its better that we keep quiet," she

In a very opinionated manner and with self-assurance, Um 'Eid speaks like a politician. "The Arabs opted for peace, for a Palestine on the West Bank and Gaza. I am from Ramleh, not the West Bank and Gaza. The Jews from Russia and America want it all, they want to take it all. The Americans stole America from the Red Indians, I know about that. And now its our turn. The Indians in America live in camps like us. So there is only one solution and that is to fight. Time has proven that there is no other

What exactly Um 'Eid intends to do about it all is uncertain, but she knows how to convey her political ideas better than many a university graduate. Her role as a wage earner continues and she scoffs at "those educated upper class women who speak of women's rights and equality" as well as the growing number who have adopted a strict code of Islamic dress and mannerism. "Those women have leisure time to talk of women's fashions and fancy ideas. To have the time to philosophise is the privilege of the well to do. They can talk because there are women like me to clean their houses. Once a woman scolded me for not covering all my hair as if I have time to think of that. I have to work to live; their is no time to be idle and talk about how others do," Um 'Eid concludes before excusing herself to begin cleaning the windows. As she climbs on the window bench she sings a song of jasmines

come out whenever they are ripe.

When I came back from Tunis I

introduced lots of blue into my

work, I was there next to the sea

and it left a great impact on me."

tains the theme and develops it.

back to one of my collages or

Sometimes, after years, I come

Nawal Al Abdallah, the fully

paintings and encouraged her to

exhibit; since then her sole ambi-

study art in Florence. She started

by painting figuratively and then

went through a natural process of

development, her work grew gra-

abstraction was a therapy for me.

I could express my innermost

feelings and I got into a world that I absolutely adored because I

could lose myself in it. It became

fascinating, it opened doors for

me. It allowed me lots of free-

dom. But I do not abuse of this

freedom. I work a lot. I also like

to play. Through play and

Nawal explains.

gh studies I arrived to this,'

Her method of painting is the

building up process, working gra-

dually onto a meaningful whole

where each part is essential and beautiful. One painting might lead to another, new ideas are

born with every creation. A small

part of a painting can create an idea for a new one.

through stages:
At an early stage she painted

open spaces and overlapped them

with intensely coloured dripping.

where one could see classical

perspective in her work. Structu-

ral "timbers," hinting at

architecture, zoomed into the

centre where others stood majes-

tically forming a portal beckoning

the viewer to enter further into

She went through a stage

Nawal's abstract work passed

"At a crucial point in my life

Nawal was fortunate enough to

tion was to be a painter.

dually more abstract.

Nabila starts with a sketch, re-

## such as dates. And the explanation of the minister who insisted that he tasted the dates and found them to be suitable for human consumption, did not satisfy our serious deputies who believe that inhoratories are better judges of food, than tasters. Another major topic was how parliamentarians differentiated between distilled alcohol and brewed spirits. This is a very serious subject. So many other vital questions were also raised, and it would take a much larger space than this corner to enumerate them. However, I personnally believe that so far entertainment has been parliament's most proprinted contribution to society. I think been parliament's most prominent contribution to society. I think our deputies were also being funny, and I would hate to think they themselves took everything they said in their speeches seriously. **Scientists** widen hunt for

PASADENA, California - The search for intelligent life in space soon will expand to the entire universe when Argentina gets a high-tech radio receiver to listen for signals from the regions of space visible from the southern

"There are so many stars like the sun that it's impossible to think the sun is the only one that has life on an orbiting planet," said Raul Colomb, director of Argentina's Institute of Radioastronomy.

Two Argentine engineer have been building the device at the Harvard-Smithsonian Oak Ridge

Observatory in Harvard, Mas-

Since 1985, the Planetary Soci-

ety's identical META receiver at

Oak Ridge has scanned the space

visible from the northern hemis-

phere seeking a radio signal from an alien civilisation.

Steven Spielberg, director of the film E.T., the extra-terrest-

rial, donated \$100,000 for the

first META project, which is the

world's most powerful operating

Since then astronomers have con-

ducted more than 50 separate but

mostly limited searches for any

radio waves that may have been

intentionally beamed into space

Such research began in 1960.

SETI system.

sachusetts, west of Boston.

The Planetary Society — a Pasadena-based non-profit group that advocates space exploration - raised \$150,000 from its 125,000 members in 70 nations to pay for the sophisticated radio signal analyser, named Megachannel Extraterrestrial

The size of two large refrigerators. META II will be flown to Colomb's institute in two to three weeks, said Thomas McDo-nough, coordinator of the Planetary Society's part of the worldwide search for extraterrestrial Sometimes, instead of allowing as SETI.

Even her colour scheme prog-

happy colours, now I enjoy the contrast of dark and light. "Her latest paintings have an unprecedented intensity of colour, well enveloped at the edges with The contrast in rendering, the

study of light, all lead to understanding the gradual develop-ment of art from the physical perception of subject matter (realism), to the use of the object within a design (figurative abstraction), and on to expressive design elements (abstract expressionism). A well-conveyed

space aliens that she juxtaposes three curved brushstrokes of lilac and skin By Lee Siegel
The Associated Press colour that give the nonfigurative image life. These tiny curves seemed to amply replace the need to paint realistic skin. Dripping of pink pigment as well as blending it into the shapes underneath make the composition impecc-Some of her works are reminiscent of rayonnism. Fleeting rays

crossing one another. They look like a conglomeration of crystals. "It's a shattering of something... of glass," she explains. Different lines and angular shapes blast their way in many different direc-She sometimes shades areas

with lilac to soften the thrust and to give the work a spiritual feel. She would also introduce "dripping" in a curvilinear manner to relieve the work of its rectilinear At one time, black lines domin-

starts with a figurative sketch of a

leaning woman. She obscures

that with abstract forms that retain the original volumes. Upon

ated and enveloped other shapes and brushstrokes (through the masking technique). Later, she reversed the process by having vivid colours come to the surface burying the darks underneath. In both methods there is a continuous interpenetration of fleeting forms.

these forms to fill the whole format, she makes them fall short of the edge and lets them assume a dominant twirling movement.

resses. "Before, I used to use

different styles, the great variety of colour schemes and of the progression that is worth noting. by intelligent extraterrestrials.

Scientists would know they discovered an alien civilisation if they found an ultranarrow frequency signal, which the laws of physics say couldn't come from any natural phenomenon or earthly source, McDonough said.

Almost all previous searches listened to northern hemisphere space, with only brief, partial scans of the southern hemisphere from Australia and Colomb's institute, in a park 48 kilometres southeast of Buenos Aires. The centre of our Milky Way galaxy is visible only from the southern hemisphere.

Tests of META II will start in June after the 8.4 million-channel receiver is hooked to one of the Argentine institute's two dishshaped, 30-metre-wide rediotelescope antennas.

By its dedication on Oct. 12 —

the holiday commemorating Christopher Columbus' discovery of the new world in 1492 - the device will spend at least 12 hours daily for three or more years listening for signs that humanity is not alone.

With both META receivers working, the planetary society will be conducting "the first systematic search of the universe as a whole for signals from another civilisation," McDonough said. This could be the system that makes the first contact with another civilisation."

Colomb said discovery of intelligent aliens "will change everything in the world."

"Man has always asked who we are and where are we going, and this is part of the answer," said this is part of the answer," Colomb, who discussed the project during visits to the Planetary Society and to NASA and the

SETI institute in Mountain view. National Aeronautics and Space Administration scientists plan a more sophisticated SETI effort. They plan to start listening to the northern hemisphere in 1992 and the southern hemisphere no earlier than 1995, said Nick Renzetti, who heads the radioastronomy effort at Jet Propulsion Laboratory.



## 3 artists exhibit at Shoman Foundation Portraying culture, changing times

By Nelly Lama Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — An exhibition of the works by three highly qualified women artists is being held at the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation. Each artist has a style of her own. About this variety, Suha-Shouman explains: "We wanted to show all the possibilities that an artist is faced with, the different phases she passes through, from realism as in Alia Ammoura's watercolours, to a halfway process of figurative abstraction as in Nabila Helmi's collages or in total abstractions as in the Gouaches of Nawal Al Abdallah. One cannot keep working the traditional way (figurative). We are living at the

time of computers, of astronauts.

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A painter should represent his time and his culture at the same

Alia Ammoura reproduces traditional pastoral scenes, a peasant woman picking oranges, the harvest, etc. She draws a record of the professions in Palestine, and represents individuals in orientalist portraits. Her work is a documentation of a civilisation that is waning, a recapturing of the theme of the book "Before their Diaspora". From its little black and white pictures, taken in Palestine, she receives the images and revives the scenes in colour and develops them into beautifully rendered paintings. Alia has acquired, in a surprisingly short time, a great command of her medium, creating different parencies of colour, different deities and light effects.

Nabila Helmi has a more abstract tendency, although she never really lets go of the realism that surrounds her.

collage, she also works in oils. Her black-brush sketches of a reclining nude (a number of which she exhibits) remind you of Matisse's female outlines but the technique used is reminiscent of none but Delacroix. The same sketchiness of rendering concentrates primarily on the movement (romanticism), painting only the essential parts of the object, curves for the bent knees, a sinuous line for the rest of the-

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values, intensities and trans-

Nabila uses a variety of media. She thrives in watercolours and

drawings, pick some lines or human figure varies in its adaptaforms from it to create another tion, from a mere doodling devoid of colour to a filled form, it work. Every painting you do becomes part of your inggage, is however almost always present part of you. You can beckon it She highlights her subtle water-colour paintings with intensely coloured shreds of paper torn anytime, and use it." abstract party, painted since she was a child. She remembers a day in her teens when the renowned artist Mohanna Durra saw her

from magazines. This pinpoints her sensitivity to shape and shade, her strong power of perception. Not only does she discover interesting textures and 'colours but she manages to cut them out into forms that, once put to float in space, are so meaningful and so contrastingly realistic that they recall sur-

In this same manner of putting

in only essentials of a scene that

she perceives, Nabila arrives at

her fragile watercolour abstrac-

tions. A scene that is around her

inspires her, it gives her the essential lines, colours, textures etc. then she elaborates on it. The

in her works.

In one instance, the introduction of pieces of collage with the image of drapery (člassicism), floating in space, conveys the impression of time. The repetition of these pieces gives you a sense of continuity, of movement of history being performed on paper." There is nothing that is static," she explains, "things move in time. There is nothing permanent and there is a con-This is what I want to convev, and there is a constant evolution with time. This is what I want to convey, not only in this particular work but in each and every one of my works."

Whereas her past works involved more open spaces in which patches of soft colours float, her present work seems more tectonic. Outlines are filled more amply with colour and watercolour nmes a higher intensity and a stronger role via a vis collage; it does not play second fiddle to it anymore. Nabila relates this change to a change in environ-

Wherever you are, you are affected by your surroundings. When I travel, I get impressions of things around me and later, when they are assimilated, I put them down on paper. We are like sponges, we absorb things, they

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### In one of her works, Nawal

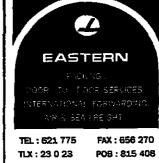


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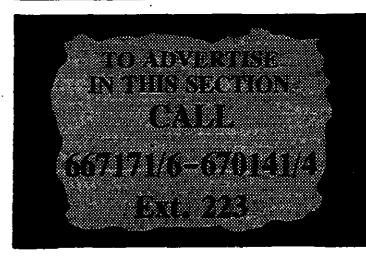


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Federal officials say that so far this year, 66,000 East Germans

have emigrated to West Ger-

after his economics minister, Hel-

mut Haussmann, suggested a

three-step plan for economic and monetary union of the two countries by Jan. 1, 1993.

Kohl did not give a timeframe for the monetary union. But government according to the monetary union.

ernment sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the chancellor shared Finance Minis-

ter Theodor Waigel's view that it

should come before the end of

There is strong sentiment for

reunification in both German

states, but only in an orderly

procedure and not as the result of

chaos that would result if East

Prospects for German multica-

tion are also complicated by the

fact the two German states be-

long to opposing military blocs.

Modrow has proposed that a

united Germany be neutral, but

the United States and its NATO

partners, including West Ger-

Genscher has made a proposal

Genscher last week suggested

that a united Germany remain in

NATO but Western troops be

barred from moving into what is

now East Germany. His proposal would also allow

Soviet troops to remain in the

designed to deal with this thorny

problem and Tuesday it picked up support from U.S. Secretary

many, reject such an idea.

of State James Baker.

Germany's economy collapsed.

the year.

### Gunbattles rage in Pakistan's biggest city

### 22 killed in Karachi violence

KARACHI, Pakistan (R) — Security forces and anti-government protesters fought gunbattles in Pakistan's biggest city Wednesday, killing 22 people and wounding 60.

Doctors and police in Karachi, which is paralysed by a general strike, said four of the dead were

They said most of the injuries

were gunshot wounds.

Doctors at Karachi's Jinnah and Abbasi hospitals said they had declared an emergency and called in off-duty medical staff to

cope with a flood of injured.

The wounded are lying on floors," a Jinnah doctor said. "We don't have many beds. We have appealed for blood dona-

Battles erupted between demonstrators and police backed by troops after more than 50 armed men attacked a police station in an attempt to free people de-tained ahead of Wednesday's

strike. The powerful Mohajir National Movement (MQM) ordered the strike in Karachi, capital of southern Pakistan's Sind province, after a deadline it set for the release of 80 kidnapped sup-

porters had expired.

The MQM says the 80 were abducted by members of Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP).

MQM supporters threw up bar-

**WORLD NEWS IN BBRIEF** 

TOKYO (R) - Fifty million Japanese have now signed petition

calling on Moscow to return a group of small islands the Soviet Union has held since 1945, Kyodo News Agency said Wednesday.

The signatures on the petition, which was started in 1965,

represent about 40 per cent of Japan's 123 million people. Petition

organisers said the milestone was reached Wednesday morning,

Kyodo reported. The dispute over who should rule the island off

northern Japan has prevented Tokyo and Moscow signing a treaty

formally ending World War II hostilities. A treaty would allow

Japan to enter the embattled Soviet economy, including huge

TOKYO (R) - Japan lifted a trio of satellites into Earth orbit

Wednesday, a first for Japan that showed Tokyo's determination to build a major presence in space. "The satellites all have to be

put into different orbits, so it's quite difficult," said an official at

the National Space Development Agency of Japan (NASDA).

The satellites will monitor the Earth's envorinment, test basic

techniques for achieving a microgravity environment in space and

relay messages for ham radio operators. They were lofted aboard

of two-stage H-1 rocket that took off into partly cloudy skies from

the Tanegashima Space Centre off the coast of Kyushu in

southern Japan at 0133 GMT. Thirty-three minutes later they had

separated and entered different orbits, although the precision of

the orbits was still being checked, the space official said. Only the

United State, the Soviet Union, China and the European Space

Agency had previously orbited three satellites from one rocket, he said.

SRINAGAR, India (AP) — Muslim militants Wednesday hurled a grenade at a police bunker in downtown Srinagar and strafed

the post with automatic rifles fire, witnessses said. At least six

policemen and two bystanders were injured in the attack, said the

witnesses, who spoke on condition of anonymity. It was not

immediately known how many militants were involved in the

attack or if any of them suffered injuries when the policeman

returned fire, they said. In another part of the city, a bomb believed planted by the militants exploded in a post office. There

were no injuries, other witnesses said. On Tuesday, night,

suspected militants blew up a truck, injuring one person who was

sleeping in the vehicle, witnesses said. The attack on the police

post was the latest in a series of confrontations between security

forces and militants fighting for secession of the Kashmir Valley from Hindu-dominated India. At least 77 people have been killed

since authorities launched a crackdown on the movement on Jan.

20. Most of the victims have been Muslims who were shot and

killed for defying curfew orders. Srinagar is the largest city in the

Kashmir Valley and is the summer capital of Jammu-Kashmir

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti (AP) — A key political alliance threatened Monday to pull out of Haiti's general elections unless the military government allows exiled leaders and United Nations

observers to monitor the balloting. Marc Bazin, the presidential

candidate of the National Alliance for Democracy and Progress,

also presented four other condition for the alliance's participation

in this year's elections. They were that the government move up the presidential balloting to July, assure Haitians it will respect

the constitution, release uncharged political prisoners and provide fair trials for those who have been charged. "Our position is clear.

If the electoral council does not modify the timetable, we will not

LONDON (R) — British writer Salaman Rushdie wanted to

come out of hiding Tuesday for the first time since an Iranian

death threat was put on his bead a year ago — but police bodyguards stopped him. A lecture on censorship which the Indian-born writer was to have delivered was read instead by dramatist Harold Printer. The late Iranian leader Ayatollah Khomeini ordered Muslims to kill Rushdie for his novel the

Satanic Verses, which sparked violent demonstrations amonest

Muslims. He had been under cover ever since. British special

branch detectives, who have been guarding him, warned Rushdie

against giving the lecture at the Institute of Contemporary Arts in

SOFIA (R) - Bulgaria said Tuesday the secret police had been

disbanded in a major shake-up of the state security services aimed at helping the country rid itself of its hardline Communist past. "The traditional state security structures have been disbanded,"

Interior Minister Atamas Semerdziev told round-table talks

between the government and opposition parties in Sofia. "The

law enforcement authorities will become new and modern bodies

independent of any political party and guided solely by the interests of the people and the state," the Bulgarian News Agency

**Bulgaria disbands secret police** 

(BTA) quoted him as saying.

participate in elections," Bazin said at a press conference.

Police stop Rushdie from reappearing

Haltian elections in doubt

Kashmir militants attack police bunker

Japan lifts trio of satellites into orbit

development projects in the Soviet Far East.

Japanese petition for return of islands

ricades of burning tyres all over the city of eight million people to halt traffic and set fire to at least 18 vehicles.

Sind Chief Minister Qaim Ali Shah told reporters the situation was "well under control," adding: "The strike had little impact."

Troops patrolled Karachi, streets in trucks equipped with machine guns as police reported running battles being fought with guns tear are and streets. guns, tear gas and stones.

The strike closed the stock ex-

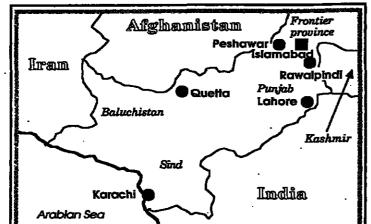
change in Karachi, Pakistan's commercial capital, and all shopping

On Monday the whole country went on strike to express solidarity with a Muslim uprising in Indian-controlled Kashmir.

"One day's strike causes 500 million rupees (\$24 million) loss in Karachi," said Yusuf Zia, a former president of the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

MOM chief Altaf Hussain accused Bhutto's government of supporting a guerrilla organisa-tion called Al Zulfikar that claimed responsibility for the hijacking of a Pakistani airliner in

"You can behead our heads,



but our heads will not bow before terrorism," Hussain told a news conference Tuesday.

Government spokesman Iqbal Haider denied the charges and accused the MQM of conspiring against the government.

The two parties have been at loggerheads since last October when the MQM, representing Muslim migrants from India, split with Bhutto and joined an opposition attempt to unseat the prime minister in a parliamentary

no-confidence vote. Qaim Ali Shah, accused by critics being ineffective against frequent ethnic violence in Sind. said: "Attempts are being made to change the opinion of the people in Sind by force, threat and conspiracy which is a criminal

Another strike, called by the militant Sind National Alliance (SNA) also affected rural areas of Bhutto's home province

The SNA, which demands autonomy for Sind, accuses Bhutto's government of inefficiency and corruption.

Among Wednesday's casualties was a news photographer who suffered serious head injuries and a broken leg when police beat him with rifle butts, a reporter who saw the attack said.

The reporter named the photographer as Zahid Hussain who works for a local daily, the Dawn.

### Poll gives E. Germany's SDP absolute majority

EAST BERLIN (AP) — If East Democrats 11 per cent. Party (SDP) would soundly defeat the long-entrenched Communists, according to an opinion poll published by the East German news agency ADN.
In addition, 76 per cent of the

1,000 East Germans queried now support reunification with West Germany, a sharp rise since November, when a similar survey found just 48 per cent in favour of reunification, ADN said

East Germany's first free elec-tions are scheduled for March 18, and the poll indicated that the Communist Party has suffered huge losses in support since November, while the Social Democrats have made large

According to the poll, the Social Democrats would win 54 per 12 per cent and the Christian in the most recent poll.

German elections were held to-day, the new Social Democratic per cent, and the Liberal Democrats would get 3 per cent, ADN said. All other groups would re-ceive less than 3 per cent.

The poll was conducted by the Central Institute for Youth Research in cooperation with the Institute for Market Research. ADN said 80 per cent of the people surveyed said they would vote. The agency did not give the margin of sampling error.

The Social Democrats, found-

ed after East Germany's peaceful revolution last fall, are actively supported by their West German sister party, which is in the opposition in Bonn.

The poll found a sharp drop in the number of people who say they are willing to stay in East Germany under any circumstances. While in November 84 per cent said they would remain, only

### Philippine troops battle rebels in south; 75 killed

(AP) — Soldiers clashed with managed to return fire and held suspected Communist guerrillas off the attackers until reinforcein four-day battle in the southern Philippines that left at least 67 did not say if any rebels were insurgents and eight government killed or wounded in the initial troopers dead, the military reported Wednesday.

Maj. Hermogenes Esperon said the first major clash this year between soldiers and the Com-munist New People's Army (NPA) began Saturday on the outskirts of Mahayag town in Zamboanga Del Sur province, about 770 kilometres southeast of

Esperon, the military's Southern Command spokesman, said about 200 rebels ambushed an army truck in Mahayag, killing a soldier and a government militia-man in the initial volley of gun-

Six other soldiers abroad the

ZAMBOANGA, Philipplines truck were wounded but they. ments arrived, Esperon said. He

> Esperon said at least two army battalions later joined the government forces, which then engaged the rebels in skirmishes over four days across several towns in three provinces.

> He said field reports indicated that 67 rebels and four more soldiers and two government militiamen were killed in the succeeding clashes. Three more soldiers also were wounded, he added.

The remaining rebels were reported to have broken into several smaller groups and scattered in different directions to chade pursuers, Esperon said,

### Illiescu to run for president, aide says

BUCHAREST, Romania (AP) — Interim President Ion Iliescu has registered the National Salvation Front to run in the May election, and a top aide said liescu will be its candidate for president.

The front, which has ruled by decree since Communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu was toppled in December, will compete in the election against 29 political par-

The front's decision to enter the elections contradicted an earlier pledge not to contest them. The decision sparked wide protests when it was announced in late January.

Since then, the front has agreed to form a council of national unity with opposition parties to run the country until the May 20 elections, Romania's first multiparty contest since World War II. The new council will meet for the first time Friday.

"Our candidate for president will be Mr. Iliescu, that's for sure. That's what everyone wants," said Dan Radulescu, chief of the front's commission for press and public relations.

Interim Prime Minister Petre Roman also said in an interview with U.S. television that he wants Iliescu, a former Communist official who fell out with Ceausescn. to run for president.

"I hope it will be lliescu," he told commentator John McLaughlin in the interview, which will be aired in the United States next weekend. A transcript was made available here.

Roman said he would not campaign to be prime minister but would probably accept the post if the front wins the election and asks him to serve.

Iliescu Tuesday went to the central tribunal to officially register the front, which has split from the government and the eightmember ruling council.

In its platform, released Tuesday, the front said its aim is realisation in Romania of a democratic society based on political pluralism, the separation of powers in the state, (and) the assurance of liberty and human

tee "the inviolability of human rights, the respecting of the rights and liberties of all national minorities, (and) the guarantee of freedom of religion. ... The platform also calls for "the

The front said it would guaran-

creation of a modern national economy" based on efficiency and individual as well as collective initiative.

Roman said in the interview that Romania is moving slowly toward a market economy and faces two major economic problems: It produces only basic products, and its major industries have excess capacity.

The platform includes guidelines for membership in the front and an outline of the movement's structure from villages on up. It bars from membership anyone convicted of crimes against the revolution.

The platform makes no mention of the Communist Party. In early January, leaders of the front announced they would outlaw the party. Then they decided to submit the question to a referendum, only to cancel the vote a short time later.

Asked in the interview whether the party was dead for all practical purposes, Roman replied; "The Communist Party doesn't exist any more. Practically, it was a self-dissolution."

### **Prospects for German** reunification boosted

pects for German reunification have been boosted by Chancellor Helmut Kohl's call for immediate many.

Kohl's proposal came shortly talks with East Germany on a monetary union and U.S. support for a proposal on foreign troops in a united Germany.

In Bonn, delegations from the British, French and Polish governments discussed German reunification Tuesday with gov-ernment officials including Kohl and Foreign Minister Hans-Dietnich Genscher.

Kohl called for immediate negotiations with East Germany over setting up a unified monet-ary system, in an attempt to rescue East Germany's crumbling economy and stop the accelerating exodus of its citizens.

He said the talks should also extend to a possible economic union between the two states. "People in East Germany must see now that citizens of West

Germany are ready to help," Kohl said. The move would make the West German mark East Ger-

many's currency and would turn over much of East Germany's economic sovereignty to West Germany and its central bank. The formal proposal for talks will be made at a cabinet meeting

and details worked out when East German Premier Hans Modrow visits Bonn next week, Kohl said. Nonetheless, the influential head of West Germany's central

bank — Karl Otto Poehl — has voiced serious reservations about speedy monetary union. East German officials, while acknowledging that a monetary

union could ease some immediate problems, generally have resisted such a move because of fears that it would erode the value of East German savings. They also fear that unprofitable, state-run enterprises would have to close, leading to large

An accelerating exodus to West Germany, strikes and absenteeism are rapidly driving

VATICAN CITY (AP) — AB Eastern region — at least at the exhibit on Russian Icons at the But West Germany's Stern magazine quoted a Soviet official as ruling out NATO membership

for a united Germany. "That's not any more possible than a reunification within the framework of the Warsaw Pact," Nikolai Portugalov, an expert on German affairs in the Soviet Communist Party Central Com-East Germany's economy to the mittee, was quoted as saying.

### Roh seeks to develop S. Korea's defences

SEOUL (AP) — President Roh Seoul from Feb. 14-17. Tae-Woo said Wednesday that South Korea must develop its amount of defence spending own defence system to prepare South Korea envisions in the for an eventual withdrawal of coming years, but said his minis-U.S. troops from the country.

from the Defence Ministry on various security problems south Korea is expected to face in the

help us. We must be prepared to defend our nation with our own

blood and sweat," he said. In a report to Roh, Defence Minister Lee Sang-Hoon said South Korea will have to increase its defence spending substantially in the coming years to prepare for an eventual U.S. troop pullout.

The United States announced last week that it would close three of its five air bases in South Korea in a cost-saving measure. The decision will mean the withdrawal of 2,000 of the 43,000 U.S. troops stationed in South Korea under a mutual defence

treaty. South Korean officials later indicated they expected to discuss the withdrawal of some 3,000 more U.S. troops, all non-combatants, when U.S. Defence Secretary Dick Cheney visits here.

Lee did not disclose the try would earmark more money Roh called for accelerating the for more research and developmove to an indigenous defence ment to produce missiles, combat force after receiving a briefing planes, submarines and other sophisticated weapons in ly 2000s.

South Korea, he said, spent "We must pursue the 'koreanisation' of our defence.

American traces are budget on research and development in 1980, but the American troops are here only to be increased to 3 per cent in 1996 and 7 per cent in 2000.

South the Korea depends almost entirely on the United States for its weapons. systems, but the country recently has made impressive progress in developing its own weapons, including new army tanks more suited to Ko-

rean terrain. South Korean defence spending is fixed at 6 per cent of its gross national product (GNP), which expanded at an annual rate of 8 to 9 per cent during the past decade. Last year's Korean GNP was estimated at \$194 billion.

As a deterrent to what he called the growing North Korean military threat, the minister said South Korea needs to maintain close security relations with the United States and share more of the costs of Keeping U.S. troops

Manila cracks down on child sex MANILA (R) - The Philippine

congress is cracking down on child sex and the mail-order-bride business. A house of representatives committee endorsed a bill this week that would impose prison terms of 10 to 20 years for adults who have sex with children under 15 years old. Another committee sought to ban newspaper advertisements for mail-order brides. The advertisements offer foreign husbands to Filipinas, many of whom end up as virtual slaves in Japan, Europe, Australia or the United States. "Operated by unscrupulous and heartless individuals, the practice has not only cast shame on our women in the international community, but has also exposed thousands of impoverished Filipinas into further misery in the hands of their foreign spouses," said Congresswoman Lorna Verano Yap. The proposed bill did not bar marriage between foreigners and Filipinas, but was an attempt to curb the business in young and often ill-educated Fifiyoung and often in-concated ruppinas attracted by advertisements to a life abroad, she said. The House Committee on Justice endorsed Tuesday a separate bill to

### Sihanouk in Thailand to prepare for return to 'liberated' Cambodia

exiled prince, Norodom Sihanouk, arrived in Thailand Wednesday to prepare for his return to the part of his homeland seized by guerrillas fighting the

A Thai Foreign Ministry spokesman said Sihanouk was driven directly to the seaside resort of Pattaya and did not speak with reporters waiting at the Bangkok Airport. A spokesman for the prince in

Baugkok, Roland Eng, said Sihanouk was expected to spend about a week in Thailand before going to Singapore. He would then return and travel to an area of Cambodia recently captured by guerrillas fighting the Vietnamese-installed government,

Eng said.
"I'm so happy," the 67-year-old Sihanouk said before leaving Peking for Bangkok. "I have nostalgia for my country, my homeland and my people."

Before the end of the month

and after a visit to Singapore, Sihanouk plans to go into Cambodia, but exactly where was being kept secret, Eng said. The

inside Cambodia near Thaiiand "

The prince, who is the head of a U.N.-recognised government fighting a rival Vietnamese-backed government in Phnom Penh, said in Peking that he was able to return because his army had recently enlarged the "liberated zone" of Cambodia.

He said he was ending his exile because of the growing trend in the West to recognise the govern-ment led by Hun Sen. "If I establish myself in Cambodia, they will hesitate before recognising Hun Sen," he said.

Sihanouk said he would con-centrate on "social affairs" upon his return and would not cooperate with the radical Khmer Rouge group, which is militarily the strongest in the guernilla alliance. In recent months Western backers of the guerrillas have been increasingly uneasy about cooperation between fighters

loyal to Sihanouk and the Com-

munist Khmer Rouge which kil-

led hundreds of thousands of

Cambodians when it ruled the

The battlefield successes of the Khmer Rouge since the avowed withdrawal of Vietnamese troops backing the government in late September have raised Western fears that the Khmer Rouge could come to power again. In late January, the prince quit as president of the guerrilla coali-

tion but said he would remain head of state, a title he held before being ousted in a 1970 coup. He said he would run for president if a political settlement were reached with Hun Sen and general elections held.

Sihanouk has given his support to a proposal for both the guerril-las and Hun Sen to cede power to a U.N. trusteeship that would administer the country until elections can be held.

Sihanouk, ousted by the U.S.-backed Lon Nol forces in 1970, returned to Phnom Penh when the Khmer Rouge took over in 1975. But he was put under house arrest, and other members of the royal family were arrested and

He went into exile in 1979 after Vietnam's invasion.

### China's communists call for multiparty cooperation

PEKING (AP) — The Communist Party Wednesday released a document calling for increased cooperation with China's eight tiny non-Communist parties while asserting that China always will be under Communist rule.

The release of the Dec. 30 document comes as Communist parties in Eastern Europe let go of their hold on power and the Soviet Communist Party debates whether to end its constitutional power monopoly.

China has not commented on Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's proposals to abolish the party's 70-year guarantee of a "leading role" in society.

Communist parties in East Germany, Poland, Czechoslova-kia and other Eastern European countries already have eliminated their monopolies on power.

The Chinese document, however, stressed that "China's multiparty cooperation must up-hold the leadership" of the Chinese Communist Party, according to a paraphrase by the official Xinhua News Agency. China's constitution refers to the Chinese people as being "under the leadership of the Communist Party."

In an apparent attempt to dis-

tance China from the pattern of political reforms that has taken hold in Eastern Europe, the document said China "differs from the one-party system prac-

ticed in some Socialist countries."

The Chinese leadership has watched with concern the developments of the past few months in Eastern Europe. Some analysts have said China's leaders hope to prevent a viable opposition from forming in their own country by appearing to give the eight officially sauctioned non-Communist parties more influence in policy-making.

The Communist Party frequently has called for more coop-eration with what it calls "the democratic parties," but these parties hold no real power and are considered rubber stamps for Communist policy. Formed before the Communists took power in 1949, their aging ranks now number about 30,000 compared to the 48 million members in the Communist Party.

'In a Dec. 28 speech to party leaders, senior leader Deng Xiaoping said, "the democratic parties should be turned from flower-vase parties into ones that take part in politics."

#### Fewer men die of lung cancer

NEW YORK (AP) — The number of lung cancer deaths among men is expected to drop in 1990-for the first time since at least 1953. In its annual cancer facts and figures, the American Cancer Society predicts 92,000 men will die this year of lung cancer, down from 93,000 last year and the first decline since the projections began 27 years ago. About 50,000 women will die of lung cancer, up from 49,000 last year. Lung cancer will account for 142,000 of the 510,000 cancer deaths this year, the society said. The main risk factors include smoking and exposure to radon, radiation, asbestos, arsenic and other chemicals. The society's other 1990 predictions included: 600,000 new cases of non-melanoma skin cancer, the majority of them curable, and another 27,600 of melanoma, the most serious skin cancer. There will be 6,300 deaths from melanoma and 2,500 from other skin cancers, 150,000 new breast cancer cases, up from 142,000 last year — partly because of the aging population. The five-year survival rate for localised breast cancer has risen from 78 per cent in the 1940s to 90 per cent today.

### Icons attract record

Vatican museums drew the biggest crowd ever for a short-term special show, the museums' director said Tuesday. A total of 112,602 people saw the exhibit in the 68 days it was open, said director Carlo Pietrangeli in an interview with Vatican Radio. "We could count on ever-bigger crowds, with lines in St. Peter's Square and along the colonnades, with more than 3,000 people on the busiest days and an average of more than 1,600 people a day," Pietrangeli said. The exhibit of 112 works of art from the 13th to the 18th centuries was organised by the museums and the Ministry of Culture of the Soviet Republic of Russia. Pope John Paul II inaugurated the show on Nov. 10, shortly before the first meeting ever between the Vancan and Krembin leaders. The icon exhibit was seen as an indication of the rapprochement between the Vatican and the Soviet Union in

protect children, particularly from foreign paedophiles.

### Global weather (major world cities)

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**Zoecke beats Connors in** 

After a tournament doctor

nors dropped the 11th game but

then played soft backhand shots

and a few drop shots to climb to

However the 37-year-old

American could not handle

Zoecke's serves and drives in the

Tournament officials said Con-

nors went to a Milan hospital for

X-rays but the outcome was not

In the same tournament in

1988, a back injury forced Con-

nors to default in the first set of

the final against Frenchman Yan-

"A bit of undisciplined bidding and you are in a contract that is at best touch-and-go—and an oppo-

sent leads out of turn. Is this beaven

coming down on your side? Not on

your life ... You are about to be visited by a catastrophe.

With the multitude of choices of-fered (e.g. accept the lead, bar it,

penalty card, etc.) you are bound to

be wrong more often than right. Nevertheless, the record of Elijah

Grapefruit, set in 1954, of having

guessed wrong 98 times in one year

seemed destrated to last forever ... It was indeed a thrill to see Grape-

fruit's hallowed record fall this year

before the determined obstanent of

Minnie Mincement of Dustville,

"East led the eight of spades out of turn. Minnie considered her two

apparent spade losers, and naturally

barred the lead of the suit. West

produced a small club. Ruff by

East, diamond back; another club

another ruff; a diamond back ruffed; a third club, a third ruff.

either five or six, depending on the guess in diamonds. To Minnie

Mincement, we proudly present the

first 'With You for a Partner, Who

Needs Enemies' Award.'

"On a spade lead, declarer makes

Down three.

Colo ... This was the deal.

The reason is mathematical

mmediately known.

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nick Noah.

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THE Daily Crossword by William Control

Milan tennis tourney

MILAN, Italy (AP) -- West Ger- 134th in the world.
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The bidding: South West Pass Pass Opening lead: Eight of #
Few people we know wrote funnier bridge articles than the late Frank Vine. The Bridge World has just published a collection of his articles (The Best of Frank Vinc. Paperback, 48 pp., \$4 plus \$1 for postage and handling from the magazine, 39 West 94th St., New York, N.Y. 10025). At a cost of about 10 cents per page, it's a small price to pay for laughter! This hand is from an arti-

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### Ohashi knocks out Choi, captures strawweight title

TOKYO (AP) — Hideyuki Ohashi knocked out Choi Jum-Hwan of South Korea with a left book to the body in the ninth round Wednesday, taking Choi's World Boxing Council (WBC) strawweight title and ending a losing streak of 21 by Japanese challengers in world title bouts.

Zico plays last official match

Stadium in front of nearly 100,000 fans Tuesday.

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) — Zico, one of Brazil's greatest all-time soccer stars, played his official farewell game at the Maracana

Some of the top soccer players from the last decade, including

Germans Karl-Heinz Rummenigge and Paul Breitner, Dutchman Rudi Krol, Italian Claudio Gentile and Argentine Mario Kempes, as

well as Zico's former and current Flamengo team mates took part in

the game.

Although it is customary in testimonial games for the player of

honour to keep the gate receipts. Zico will donate the nearly

\$100,000 toward the building of Brazil's first hospital for baemophi-

For different teams played "Tuesday. The first half was contested

between members of the Flamengo team that won the World Club

Cup in 1981 and a masters team made up of players from the 1978 and 1982 World Cups. In the second half, the current flamengo side

The first half ended scoreless with outstanding play by Rummenig-

ge and masters' goalkeeper Claudio Taffarel.

Flamengo took the lead in the 53rd minute on a goal by defender fernando, but goals by Claudio Adao and Tarantini, both from passes

An 80th minute goal by Fernando made the final score 2-2.

moments by dribbling through the opponents' defence. His closest

chance came on a left-foot shot in the second half which was saved by

Zico's entrance at the start of the match was greeted by a display of

On leaving the pitch at the end of the match, Zico took a lap of

losing streak to six games.

The Mavericks outscored the

Kings 24-11 in the third period,

Sacramento's lowest-scoring quarter of the season. The pre-

vious low was 15 points in the

fourth period of Sacramento's 90-

Wayan Tisdale led Sacramento

with 18 points and Danny Ainge

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laser lights and showers of ticker tape from fans.

honour which was followed by a fireworks display.

Lakers defeat Blazers

Although Zico did not score, he provided two of the matches best

by Bebeto, put the masters ahead.

**NBA ROUNDUP** 

The Associated Press

DENVER - Rik Smits scored

four of his career-high 34 points in overtime as Indiana broke a

five-game losing streak by defeating Denver.
The Nuggets, who got 28 points from Dan Schayes, led for most

of the fourth period and were

ahead 119-113 with 2:39 left.

Reggie Miller started a rally for

Indiana with a free throw and

Vern Fleming hit two baskets in

the final two minutes of regula-

Chuck Person 20 for Indiana,

while Alex English had 24 and

Fat Lever and Walter Davis 22

each for the Nuggets, who split their last 10 home games after winning 12 of their first 13.

Mavericks 100, Kings 90

SACRAMENTO, California

Derek Harper and Rolando Blackman each scored 20 points

and Roy Tarpley added 18 as Dallas extended Sacramento's

For all breeds

mister

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Miller added 28 points and

Pacers 138, Nuggets 130

Taffarel.

played a World Cup masters team of currently active players,

Choi sank into a squat after one punishing left hook to the stomach by Ohashi, took an eight-count, and a moment later was decked by a similar left. The end came at 2:11 of the ninth round.

Ohashi said he was happier at stopping the Japanese losing streak than at becoming a world champion himself.

"After the fifth round, I gained confidence that I would be able to win the match," he said.

The losing streak started on

Jan. 31, 1988, when Hideaki

Kamishiro was knocked out in the seventh round in his challenge for the WBC flyweight title held by Sot Chitalada of Thailand. Japan's last world champion was Hiroki loka, who became the first champion of the WBC's new strawweight class with a unanimous decision over Thailand's Mai Thonburifarm on Oct. 18, 1987. He defended the title once with a draw against Thai challenger Napa Kaitwanchai in June

1988, but lost the title to Napa Nov. 13, 1988. This was the third crack at a

world title for Ohashi, who became Japan's 27th world champion. He fights in boxing's lightest weight division.

The 26-year-old Choi and Ohashi, 24, traded sharp and powerful punches. After spending the first round studying each other, they began a battle in which Ohashi scored with accuracy while Choi unleashed more

Choi started attacking Ohashi in the second round with 1-2 combinations and hooks to the face. The two were trading hooks and uppercuts at the beil.

In the fifth round, Choi and Ohashi still were trading blows at short range. Ohashi, who had a 13-centimetre reach advantage, said after the bout that he fought at close range because Choi's punches were not as strong as he had expected.

In the seventh, Choi's punches became wild and Ohashi tagged him with accurate blows. Choi was suffering from swelling around the eyes.

Through the eighth round, udges James Jenkin of the United States and Gus Mercurio of Australia scored it 78-74, and Chavarria Abraham Garcia of Mexico had it 79-74, all for Ohashi.

Ohashi now has 13 victories, nine by knockout, against three



Saqr Al Urdan crew with the cup

Malaysia air race:

RJ craft wins 1st phase; King congratulates the crew

AMMAN (J.T.) -- "Sagr Al Urdun," (the falcon of jordan), a Royal Jordanian (RJ) sireraft taking part in the Malaysian international air race 1990, has won the first place in the first phase of the race by flying from Paris to Bahrain, a distance of 2700 miles in 11 hours and 47 minutes. An RJ statement said

that the flight was considered a record on the Paris-Bahrain route.

His Majesty King Hussein called the aircraft crew and congratulated them on this success, and wished them continued success along the whole

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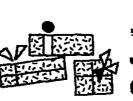
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PIZZA

Performances; 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30



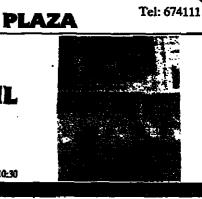
Priday & Sunday cates show at 11:00 a.m.



COCKTAIL



Performances: 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30



seeded Jimmy Conners, who in- handaged Conners' wrist, Conamoer deaths ured his wrist before a third-set tiebreaker, in a first-round match of the \$560,000 Milan indoor tennis tournament Tuesday night. Zoccke, a qualifier in the first European tournament of the 1990 ATP tour, exploited Comors' inability to play deep baseline shots to sail to a 7-1 win in the tie-breaker, which gave him a 6-3, 4-6, 7-6 win at Milan's Palatnissardi arena. The left-handed American veteran hurt his left wrist on 5-5 in the third set while trying to return one of Zoecke's powerful serves. Zoecke, 22, is ranked

cancer deal icty said. The netude smale radon, the enic and othe society's other Society's other included: to non-melanos aajority of the other 27,600 dr. ost serious de vill be 6,300 à ancers, 150,16 er cases, ap:
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CITY (AP) dussian long; eums drew the ver for a show the museum i iesday. A 🙉 ole saw the cole it was open, io Pietrangai: ith Vatican & count on creat 1 lines in St. R dong the olum han 3,000 pear ays and an area .600 people 15 f art from the P

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Cinema PHILADELPHIA

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Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

### Algeria to speed up reforms

ALGIERS (R) — Economy Minister Ghazi Hedouci painted a grim picture of the Algerian economy Tuesday and vowed to speed up reform of the public

"We want to speed economic reforms essential to confront the continued and generalised regression of economic parameters," he told a conference of public sector

President Chadli Benjedid launched sweeping reforms of the scrapping central planning and introducing market mechanisms.

But the reforms have met resistance from entrenched interests and a wave of strikes since political liberalisation last year. Hedouci said inflation was rising too fast and spoke of growing

**Americans favour** 

rosy economy

if they were forced to make a choice.

improving education, the survey showed.

compared with 68.8 per cent inflation.

Bank investment affiliate.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

**Inflation may cause** 

heart attacks in Turkey

green landscape over

HOUSTON (R) - A green landscape is more important to

Americans than a strong greenback, a new survey shows. The poll,

released by Cambridge Energy Research Associates and Opinion

Dynamics Corp, found that 74 per cent of those surveyed would

accept slower economic growth in order to improve the environment,

However, 62 per cent of those polled felt that the country can

improve environmental conditions without sacrificing economic

"The public is willing to pay a cost for environmental improvement and protection," Bill Schneider, a senior consultant with Cambridge

Energy Research Associates told reporters at a news conference.

"One in five Americans thinks that he or she has personally been

harmed by environmental problems in the United States and double

that number, over 40 per cent, are of the opinion that they will be

When asked where government should allocate a limited pool of

financial resources, finding ways to safely dispose of dangerous

chemicals and waste ranked third, behind stopping drug abuse and

ANKARA (R) — Turkish business will suffer a heart attack unless

the country reduces its spiralling inflation, according to a World

Finance Corporation (IFC), said in an interview in the daily Milliyet:

heart attack for business. Then you will be in trouble... what seems to

cause no major harm today will make your lira useless in the long

The lira depreciated about 26 per cent against the dollar last year

The State Institute of Statistics has announced that consumer price

inflation slowed to 60 per cent in the 12 months to end-January after

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, February 7, 1990

**LONDON EXCHANGE RATES** 

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1.1885/95

1.8700/10

1.4800/10

34.71/75

5.6400/50

1234/1235 145.35/45

6.4215/65

6.4045/95

419.30/420.30

6.0600/1000

Japane Dutch gailos dish crown "ra (fr

se yen (for 100) gmlder

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollar

**Deutschemarks** 

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Italian lire

Iananese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Norwegian crowns

December's 68.8 per cent and November's 69.4 per cent.

665.0 1131.9

Reynaldo Ortiz, Istanbul-based representative of the International

"If low lira depreciation and high inflation remains, it will mean a

harmed by environmental conditions sometime in the next 10 years,"

"It is no longer a question of debating the necessity of economic reforms or their content. The question of the hour is applying

A planning council report presented to the conference said gross domestic product (GDP) rose 2.8 per cent in 1989, about the same as in 1988.

But the rise was due largely to improved world prices for Algeria's main exports, oil and gas, and masked a 2.7 per cent drop in non-hydrocarbon industrial pro-

Overall output excluding bydrocarbons and agriculture rose 0.7 per cent compared with a five per cent target. Investment needed to revive the economy fell 1.5 per

"Results from the year show our objectives were in general not reached," the report said.

Inflation hit 13 per cent, "despite the freeze in products of necessity and the increase in goods available." Price hikes have been fuelled by decontrol, measures linked to the reforms, a gaping budget deficit, excess liquidity and black market specula-

The reforms aim to turn Algeria's 459 state enterprises — nearly three-quarters of which lose money -- into independent profit centres, but only 240 have so far become autonomous.

For 1990 the government

per cent and a 5.2 per cent rise in production outside the agriculturai and hydrocarbons sectors.

The government plans to create 137,000 jobs, 80 per cent more than in 1988, but well below projected demand of 220,000. Job creation is deemed essential to placate a burgeoning population whose riots in Octo-

ber 1988 helped propel reforms. The report said Algeria's foreign debt at the end of last year reached \$23.8 billion, of which \$10 billion must be repaid over

the next two years. Debt service in 1989 will continue to absorb three quarters of export earnings, the report added. \$2 billion of new financing

### **Qatar establishes** new Islamic bank

NICOSIA (R) - Qatar has approved setting up an Islamic bank with a 100 million riyal (\$27.4 million) capital as a shareholding company, a bank spokesman said Wednesday.

Faisal Al Slaiti, managing director of the new Qatari International Islamic Bank, said a decree establishing the bank was issued by Crown Prince Hamad Ibn Khalifa Al Thani Tuesday. He said the bank's seven-member board would be headed by

Justice Minister Ahmad Ibn Seif Al Thani. Twenty per cent of the shares have been covered by the founders while the rest will be offered for public subscription within two weeks, Slaiti added.

Following Islamic banks regulations based on religious grounds the bank will charge no interest on loans which will be made in the form of letters of credit to meet any imports.

It will also pay no interest on deposits but shareholders and clients will benefit from any profit made and also bear any losses incurred. The bank will be based in Doha with plans for future expansion

The new bank will be separate from the Qatar Islamic Bank already in existence and is designed to expand its operations outside the Gulf state in addition to engaging into commercial transactions.

# abroad, Slaiti said.

## targets GDP growth of 4.6 per will be needed. **Green revolution in Europe**

Gulf where energy costs are low, a senior British indutrialist said

"I would not be at all surprised if the leaders of the petrochemical companies in Western Europe will find it impossible to operate their plants in a decade's time,"

run enterprises, mainstay of the

economy, plunged further into

debt last year as low efficiency and bad planning depressed pro-

fits, an official newspaper said

If the fortunes of the state-

owned sector remained un-

changed, Beijing's 18-month-old

economic austerity programme could fail, the China Daily said in

the government adjusts, the eco-

would fail to achieve its pur-

pose," the daily said in a report

headlined: "Industry efficiency

Nineteen per cent of industrial

plumbs new depths.

116.8 118.0 453.9 458.4 352.5 356.0 108.1 109.2 53.5 54.0 189.8 191.7

"At this rate, no matter how

an unusually critical article.

be energy-intensive plants pro-

ducing chemicals, plastics, steel

and textiles.

Political and public opinion poll require that plants in northern Europe are shut down if they do not meet the required environmental standards and the cost of failure to comply with

Banham, visiting Bahrain on the first leg of a tour which will also include Sandi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, said it was less expensive to design new plants with latest environmental controls than to adapt existing

In a bid to allay widespread

He said Britain was keen to ensure that negotiations for a free trade agreement between the European Community and the six-member Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) were successful.

Officials from the GCC grouping Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates say they are disappointed with EC trade proposals because they do not lift painful prtoective barriers against key Gulf industries.

"In the long run, it cannot be in the interest of northern European businesses to deny themselves access to a competitively priced supply of raw materials."

### Romania permits private enterprises

vate enterprises and said it would channels. welcome foreign investment in

An official decree due to come into force March 7 authorises four categories of economic activity which would largely be free of state control.

They were listed as small enterprises employing up to 20 people, profit-making local associations of up to 10 people, family businesses and self-employment.

small enterprises, in association with the ministries of economy and finance and the National Bank, would shortly define the areas in which these businesses could be set up, the degree of state assistance and the tax regime to be applied, the decree

But it said the small enterprises could be financed by an individual or with Romanian bank foreigner may sponsor (them).

The National Bank would issue The decree said the small en- Europe.

BUCHAREST (R) — Romania, terprises could set their own pricing its first major shift towards a ing levels and trade directly with free-market economy, has autho- foreign companies or go through rised the setting up of small pri-existing Romanian foreign trade

All foreign currency earnings would be held in the Foreign Trade Bank and 50 per cent would be compulsorily converted

into lei — the national currency - at current exchange rates. Buildings and equipment for the enterprises could be rented from the state or bought or

Another significant clause said small enterprises could associate A new national committee for and work together with the agreement of the new committee, raising the possibility of vertically or horizontally integrated production in the private sector.

The only major indication of a continuing state role was a clause saying the new committee would control the supply of raw materials and energy to the enterprises. There were no details of how this would apply in practice.

The decree said approval for credits or, "by authorisation of new enterprises would be granted the Foreign Trade Bank, any within 30 days, meaning that private enterorise could be up and running in Romania by April the applicable conditions for fore- after 40 years of some of the ign investment soon, it added. strictest central control in Eastern

### Bonn approves quick currency union talks

BONN (R) — West Germany called on East Berlin Wednesday to agree to immediate negotiations on setting up a currency counterpart Horst Kaminsky union meant to stave off looming economic collapse across the

The Bonn cabinet, in a rare meeting with West German central bank president, Karl Otto Poehl, decided to offer its muscular Deutschemark to replace East Germany's feeble currency in a radical step that could forge economic reunification soon.

Finance Minister Theo Waigel rushed to parliament after the meeting to tell deputies the 'escalation" of the crisis" in East Germany had forced Bonn to move fast to force back a wave of frustrated East Germans fleeing to prosperity in the West.

We must remain master of the political process," Waigel told parliament.

Almost 70,000 East Germans this year, leaving gaping holes in of collapse in the East and a flood their homeland's labour market of immigrants rushing into the and straining West Germany's orderly world of West German tight job and housing markets.

Boun politicians hope introduction of the Deutschemark will work will be properly paid at home and that Western investors, assured by the West Cast German when he visits home and that Western investors, assured by the West Cast German when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency union proposal to East German Prime Minister Hans Modrow when he visits home Research the currency and the currency of the currency assured by the West German central Bundesbank's control over the East German currency, would swarm into the country to help revive its tattered economy.

It would amount to a virtual annexation of the East German economy, in advance of the political merger both states now say they want, and it would give the another source Frankfurt-based Bundesbank the imagine that." final say over East Germany's monetary policy.

the Deutschemark's value, has persistently warned of problems a head-over-heels currency union was aimed at stopping the exodus would bring but is careful not to of werkers to the West.

He repeated his opposition after meeting his East German Tuesday. As one senior banking source

put it: "the only alternatives are higher inflation or higher interest Waigel said there was now no

difference between himself, Poehl and Economics Minister Helmut Haussmann, who had proposed a three-step canting plan only reaching unity in 1992.

Bonn must now be ready to come up with cash to support a currency union, he said without elaborating.

The head of West Germany's Savings Bank Association, Helmut Geiger, said in an internet Wednesday that a bailout of First Germany would demand and mous sums of money — "This iantial two-digit sums in billions (of

Politicians like Kohl and - enough to fill a small city - Waigel say they know this but have crossed the border so far argue that, faced with the spectre

prosperity, they have no choice but to act quickly. Bonn will present the currency

One government source said the two states could agree to open talks then but the only chance for a currency union to be set up that quickly would be if East Berlin was prepared to simply give up

control over its economy:

Asked if that were conceivable. another source said: "I could

Tuesday, a government. spokesman reacted to Kohl's Poehl, the official defender of proposal for immediate talks on currency union by saying East Berlin had no objections if this

#### BAHRAIN (R) — The growing power of the "green" revolution competitive energy prices and sebe looking enviously at the possicould force many West European care energy supply," he noted. Banham said industries most bility of access to a secure source of power at competitive prices... petrochemical plants to shut affected by demands to reduce or we will be looking to secure our down and rebase in areas like the eliminate toxic emissions would interests here."

Wednesday.

John Banham, director-general of the Confederation of British Industry, told Bahraini businessmen for Gulf Arab states, which want to set up joint-venture in-dustries with Euroepean part-

nese indebtedness ir BEIJING (R) — China's state- from 13 per cent in 1988, the paper quoted the State Statistical

Bureau as saying.

Government revenue from the sector stagnated. Taxes and profit contributions to the state rose only 0.2 per cent in 1989 against the previous year, the state Statistical Bureau said.

State-owned enterprises account for about 60 per cent of the nation's total, measured by output value. Most of the rest are collectively owned. "The growth in the number of

nomic retrenchment programme money-losing enterprises is only an indication of a more widespread decrease in industry's pro-

It attacked the state's carpetindustry as "stupid" for producenterprises under the state ing 20 million square metres of na may listen because its current

demand was just eight million square metres.

Western diplomats said foundering state industries were pushing economic planners toward a stark choice - ease up on the austerity programme or face mounting debts, spiralling unemployment and industrial stagna-

International lending bodies such as the World Bank may apply additional pressure on China to ease its tight credit policy and continue with market reforms - almsot abandoned in recent months," they said.

"The World Bank will be a ing a report on China in March. It is likely to recommend more genuine market reforms and Chi-

failures of the prevoius adminis-

tration, the record federal budget

deficits and the huge trade imba-

lances that transformed America

from the largest creditor nation to

Bush did pledge to deal with

inherited problems," but his for-

the largest debtor country.

Reagan.

The administration foresees no recession with the gross national product expanding at annual rates of three per cent or higher from 1991 through 1995.

While stressing traditional Re-

mula for dealing with the budget deficit tracked the approach used publican free-market themes, the 419-page annual "Economic reby former president Ronald port of the President" avoided some of the more doctrinaire positions on monetary policy and supply-side economics sounded during the Reagan years.

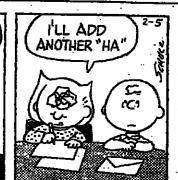
the administration's economic outlook for the next five years is

Many private economists say



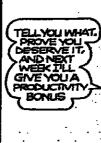
















### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

SYDNEY --- Stocks fell in reaction to negative overseas news and the rising toll of corporate collapses. The All Ordinaries index closed at 1,645.6, down 22.9 points.

TOKYO — Tokyo shares closed sharply lower as market uncertainties and recycled rumours chased skittish investors to the sidelines. The Nikkei index tumbled 364.96 points to close at 37,301,87, HONG KONG - Stocks rallied for the second successive day,

pushing the Hang Seng index up 52 points or 1.9 per cent to 2,844.89 after Tuesday's 36-point gain. Brokers said the steep rise was unlikely to continue.

SINGAPORE — Singapore shares closed weaker, but were above their lows in brisk trade. The Straits Times index fell 5.39 points BOMBAY — Shares ended mixed in light trade as investors kept to the sidelines watching events in Kashmir, rocked by separatist

unrest. The Bombay stock exchange gained 0.21 points to 674.47. The national index was up 0.67 to 376.02. FRANKFURT — Shares ended broadly lower in moderate trading. The market continued consolidating amid worries that German monetary union could weaken the mark. The DAX

index fell 32.76 to 1,904.96. PARIS — Blue chips were sharply lower by midday. But with buyer reluctant to take new positions, volumes remained thin. ZURICH - Shares extended early losses to close weaker in trading depressed by lower international markets and higher local interest rates. The SPI index fell 10.8 to 1,120.2.

LONDON - Shares were broadly weaker in late trading for the third day, amid continuing worries over the outcome of this week's U.S. Treasury refunding. At 1550 GMT the FTSE 100 was down 13.0 points at 2,308.1.

# may boost Gulf Arab industry

Environmental control costs and taxation of domestic energy would continue to rise, especially in Britain, he said.

e said. these standards will grow prog-They will want to base their ressively higher," he said.

Arab fears that Western money would increasingly go to East Europe, Banham said Britain would not suddenly divert annual foreign investment totalling ab-

out £20 billion (\$34 billion) away

icreases hire," one diplomat said.

> for humanitarian purposes. The March report will decide the powerful body's future attitude to Beijing, diplomats said. China launched an austerity programme to rein in inflation in September 1988 and has pushed the rate down from a 25.5 per

The World Bank is expected

this month to grant China loans

cent peak in early 1989 to about seven per cent this year. As banks squeezed the money supply, industrial output slumped and signs emerged recently that

China is profoundly worried. tions have been warned by the powerful State Planning Commission to overcome their low efficiency, the official New China News Agency said.

## budget were in debt last year, up carpet last year when national programme is heading for fai-

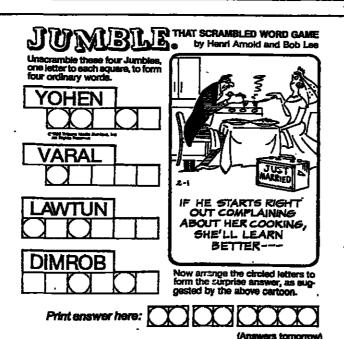
WASHINGTON (AP) — Presieconomic report to Congress Tuesday and promised to restrain government spending and push for tax cuts to foster even more

WASHINGTON (AP) — President George Bush sent his first his fight to get Congress to reduce the capital gains tax and pledged anew to fight protectionist trade barriers.

His message did not dwell on what many see as the biggest



"I forgot — do I brush my teeth and comb my hair, or brush my hair and comb my teeth?"



Jumbles: DALLY VERVE EIGHTY BEATEN Answer: What many family problems are—
ALL "RELATIVE"

Mutt'n' Jeff Capp

Andy

Peanuts